FY2025 Q1 Financial Results Briefing



Skylark Holdings Co., Ltd. May 15, 2025

Executive Summary



- Results exceeded the same period last year.
- Solid progress toward full-year forecast, with approx. 30% of annual profit target achieved.

Unit: Bn ven								
	FY2025 Q1(3-month)		FY2024 Q1(3-month)		% YoY		FY2025	Progress
	Bn	% of sales	Bn	% of sales	Variance	% YoY	forecast	(%)
Sales	111.7	100.0	95.6	100.0	16.1	0.0	445.0	25.1%
Business profit	8.2	7.4	6.4	6.7	1.9	0.7	27.5	30.0%
Operating profit	7.6	6.8	6.1	6.4	1.5	0.4	25.0	30.5%
Income before income taxes	6.8	6.1	5.4	5.7	1.4	0.4	22.3	30.5%
Adjusted net income	4.4	3.9	3.4	3.6	0.9	0.3	14.8	29.5%
ROE (%)	8.8		5.5		3.3		8.3	
ROA (%)	4.3		2.7		1.6		4.1	
Financial leverage (times)	2.04		2.03		0.01		2.03	

Q1FY2025 Results						
Same stores YoY (Sales%)	109.7	New opening (stores)	10			
Same stores YoY (Traffic%)	102.2	Brand conversion (stores)	2			
Sames stores YoY (ATP%)	107.4	Remodeling (stores)	40			

Condensed Consolidated Income Statement

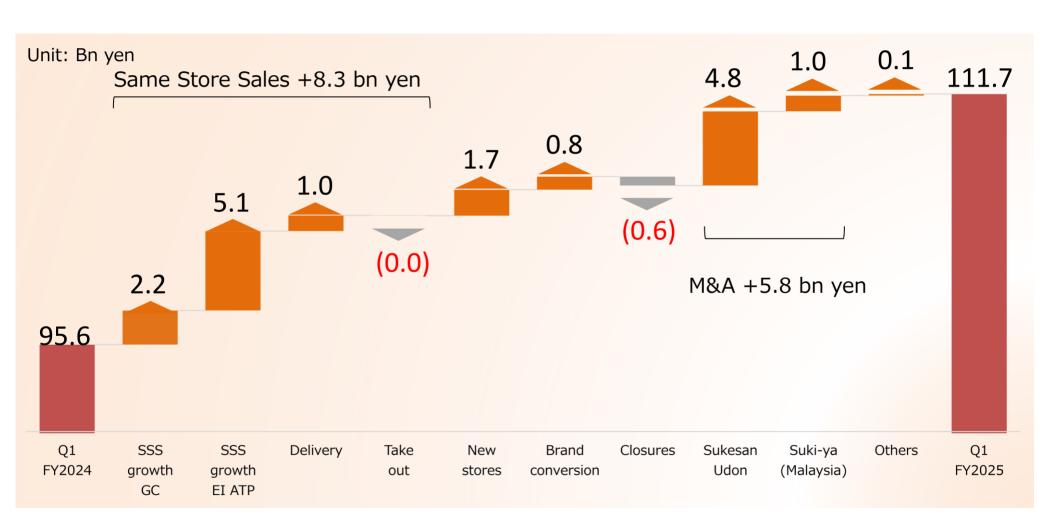
- Sales increased by 16.1 bn yen: customer-friendly menu launches, pricing revisions, and M&A.
- Labor cost ratio improved from 32.3% to 31.5%: supported by enhanced productivity through "storecentered management" (investment in human capital).
- Both business profit margin (6.7%→7.4%) and operating profit margin (6.4%→6.8%) showed improvement.

Unit: Bn yen

	FY2025 Q1(3-month)		FY2024 Q1	FY2024 Q1(3-month)		% YoY	
	Bn	% of sales	Bn	% of sales	Variance	% YoY	
Sales	111.7	100.0	95.6	100.0	16.1	116.8	
COGS	(37.2)	(33.3)	(30.9)	(32.4)	(6.2)	120.2	
Gross margin	74.5	66.7	64.6	67.6	9.8	115.2	
Labor	(35.2)	(31.5)	(30.9)	(32.3)	(4.3)	114.0	
Other SG&A	(31.1)	(27.8)	(27.4)	(28.7)	(3.6)	113.2	
Business profit	8.2	7.4	6.4	6.7	1.9	129.6	
Non-operating incomes	0.5	0.4	0.8	0.8	(0.3)	64.4	
Non-operating expenses	(1.1)	(1.0)	(1.0)	(1.1)	(0.1)	108.2	
Operating profit	7.6	6.8	6.1	6.4	1.5	125.1	
Financing costs	(8.0)	(0.7)	(0.7)	(0.7)	(0.2)	125.5	
Income before income tax	6.8	6.1	5.4	5.7	1.4	125.0	
Tax expenses	(2.4)	(2.2)	(2.0)	(2.1)	(0.4)	120.8	
Net income	4.4	3.9	3.4	3.6	0.9	127.5	
Adjusted net income	4.4	3.9	3.4	3.6	0.9	127.5 ³	

Sales Q1FY2025 vs. Q1FY2024 (3 months)

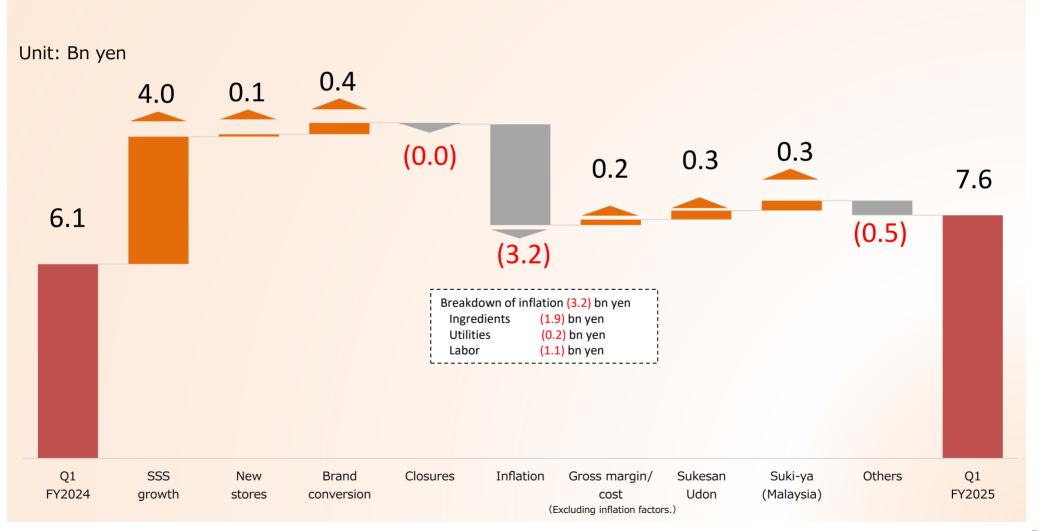
- · Sales increased by 16.1 bn yen to 111.7 bn yen
 - SSS increased by 8.3 bn yen \Rightarrow growth in guest count, EI ATP and delivery
 - Sales increased by 5.8 bn yen due to M&A ⇒ Sukesan Udon, Suki-ya (Malaysia)



OP Q1FY2025 vs. Q1FY2024 (3 months)



- OP was 7.6 bn yen, up 1.5 bn yen vs. Q1FY2024
 - Sales growth converted into higher profits, supported by investment in human capital (store centered management)
 - Existing store profit growth (4.0 bn yen) offset inflation impact ((3.2) bn yen)



"Store Centered Management"



Create a Virtuous Cycle in Management through "Store Centered Management"

Virtuous Cycle in management



Concept of "Store Centered Management"



Concrete efforts for "Store CenteredManagement"

Managerial Development of Management Skills

- 1. Change the Manager Evaluation System
- 2. Change in the Managerial Grading System
- 3. Introduction of Performance Incentive System
- Expansion of Managerial Crew Evaluation Authority

Promotion of Recruitment, Development, and Retention

- 5. Strengthening OJT Training
- 6. Review of the Crew Evaluation System
- 7. Introduction of the Crew Point System

Improvement of Productivity

- 8. Introduction of the Spot Crew System
- 9. Introduction of a Schedule Management App
- 10. Fundamental Review of Store Labor Hour Allocation

*Manager:refers to the store manager
*Crew: refers to the part-time and temporary staff
*OJT: 'On the Job Training,' which means teaching through actual work rather than classroom instruction.

Productivity Improvement



- By promoting a 'store-centered management' approach, the number of crew members and retention rates have increased. Although the number of hires has decreased, work proficiency has improved due to enhanced training.
- By reviewing the allocation of working hours and strengthening OJT training, sales have increased beyond the investment in labor hours. The labor cost ratio has decreased.



Balance Sheet/Statement of Cash Flows



BS: Assets and liabilities increased due to the acquisition of Sukesan Udon and Suki-ya.

CS: FCF decreased by (9.3) bn yen due to the acquisition of Suki-ya. Borrowings amounted to

23.0 bn yen, with repayments of (11.5) bn yen

Balance Sheet (BS)
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(Unit: Bn yen)	Q1 FY2025	Q4 FY2024	Variance
Assets			
Current assets	45.7	49.1	(3.4)
Non-current assets	433.1	421.8	11.4
including goodwill	163.3	157.6	5.7
Total assets	478.8	470.9	8.0
Liabilities			
Current liabilities	116.8	117.5	(0.7)
Non-current liabilities	187.0	180.0	7.1
including (long- and short-term) interest-bearing debt	117.8	106.3	11.4
Total liabilities	303.9	297.5	6.4
Equities			
Equity attributable to owners of the company	174.9	173.4	1.6
Total shareholders equity	174.9	173.4	1.6

Statement of Cash Flows (CS)

(Unit: Bn yen)	Q1 FY2025	Q1 FY2024	Variance
Operating cash flow	12.8	13.7	(1.0)
Investment cash flow	(14.2)	(3.0)	(11.2)
Free cash flow	(1.4)	10.8	(12.2)
Financial cash flow	(1.0)	(11.2)	10.2
Loan	11.5	(1.1)	12.7
Lease debt repayment	(8.9)	(8.5)	(0.4)
Dividend	(2.4)	(1.5)	(0.9)
Others	(1.2)	(0.0)	(1.1)
Change in cash	(2.5)	(0.3)	(2.2)
Cash balance at beginning	19.2	26.8	(7.6)
Cash balance at closing	16.7	26.5	(9.8)

Key Financial Indicators



2025 Q1

8.8*

4.3*

2.04*

65.5*

768.9

36.5

0.59

- ROE remains steady
 - Equity ratio stands at 36.5%, and the net D/E ratio is 0.59times

		Unit	2017	2018	2019	2023	2024
R	OE	(%)	12.7	8.9	7.2	3.0	8.3
	ROA	(%)	4.9	3.5	2.9	1.5	4.0
	Financial leverage	(times)	2.59	2.54	2.50	2.05	2.06
	arnings per share EPS)	(yen)	79.4	58.0	48.1	21.0	61.4
	ook value per nare (BPS)	(yen)	646.6	661.9	672.5	713.4	762.2
E	quity ratio	(%)	40.0	39.4	29.3	38.1	36.8
N	et D/E ratio	(times)	0.90	0.91	0.86	0.46	0.51

^{*}Results for the most recent 12 months.

^{*}ROE = net income attributable to owners of the parent / term average total equity

^{*}ROA = net income attributable to owners of the parent / term average total assets (excluding right-of-use assets)

^{*}Financial leverage = Average total assets during the period (excluding right-of-use assets) / Average equity during the period

^{*}EPS = net income attributable to owners of the parent (LTM) / average number of shares outstanding during the period

^{*}BPS = equity attributable to owners of the parent (end of period) / total number of shares outstanding at end of period

^{*}Equity ratio = equity attributable to owners of the parent (end of period) / total assets (end of period)

^{*}Net D/E ratio = (borrowings at end of period + other financial liabilities at end of period - cash and cash equivalents at end of period - lease obligations) / total equity (end of period)



Appendix



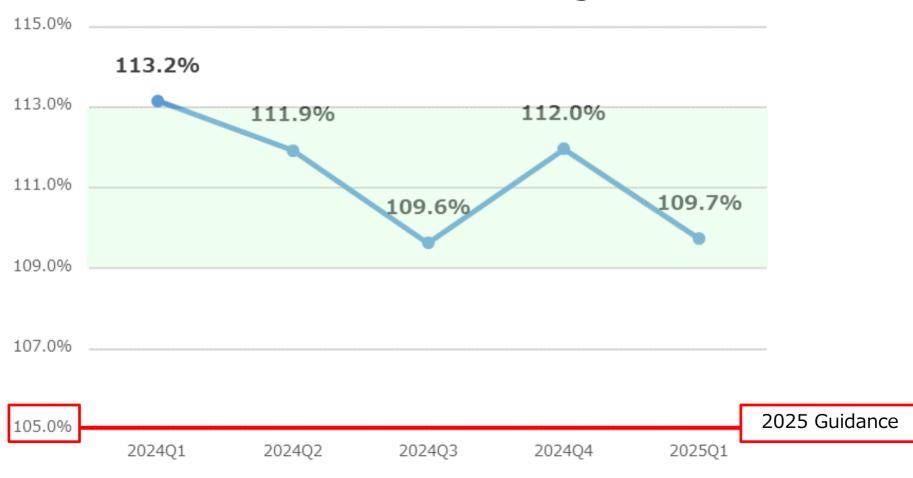
Growth in sales of existing stores

YoY trend of sales for existing stores



- · Over the past year, sales have generally been stable, around 110% YoY.
 - Sales of existing stores in FY2025 Q1 exceeded the guidance expectations.

YoY trend of sales for existing stores



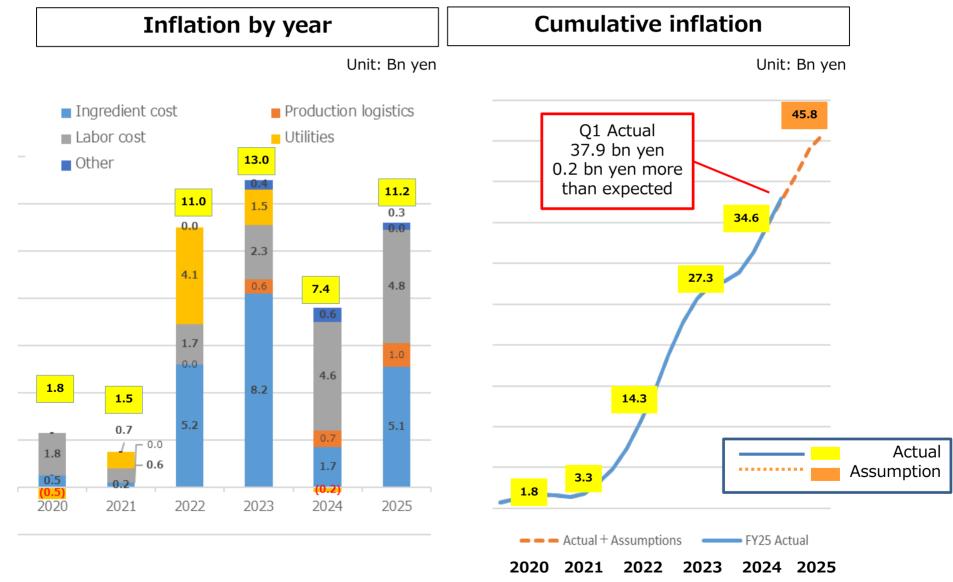


Inflation

FY2025 Guidance – Inflation Assumptions



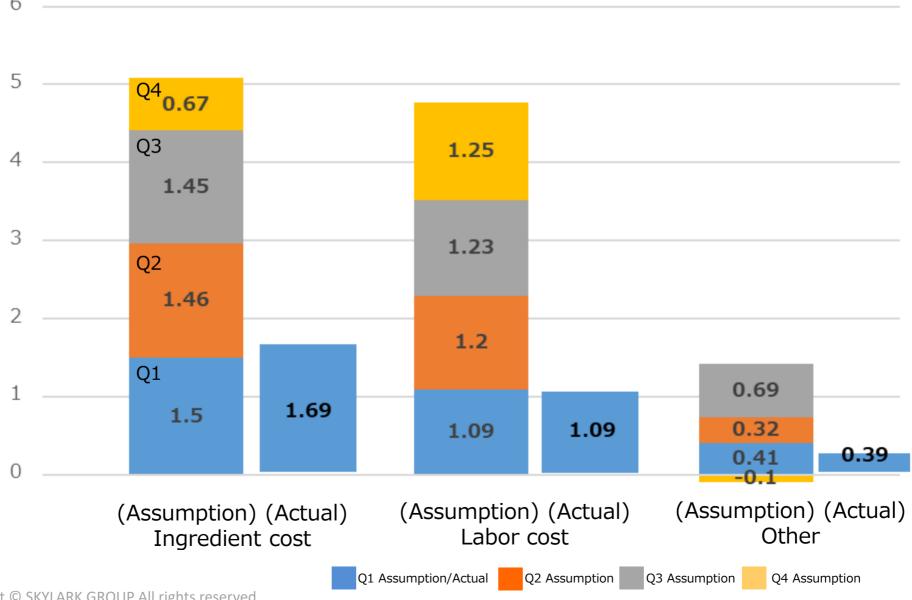
 The impact of inflation in Q1FY2025 was approx. 0.2 bn yen higher than expected.



Status of Inflation for Q1FY2025



 In Q1FY2025, the actual result was 3.17 bn yen against the assumption of 3.0 bn yen due to rising food costs.

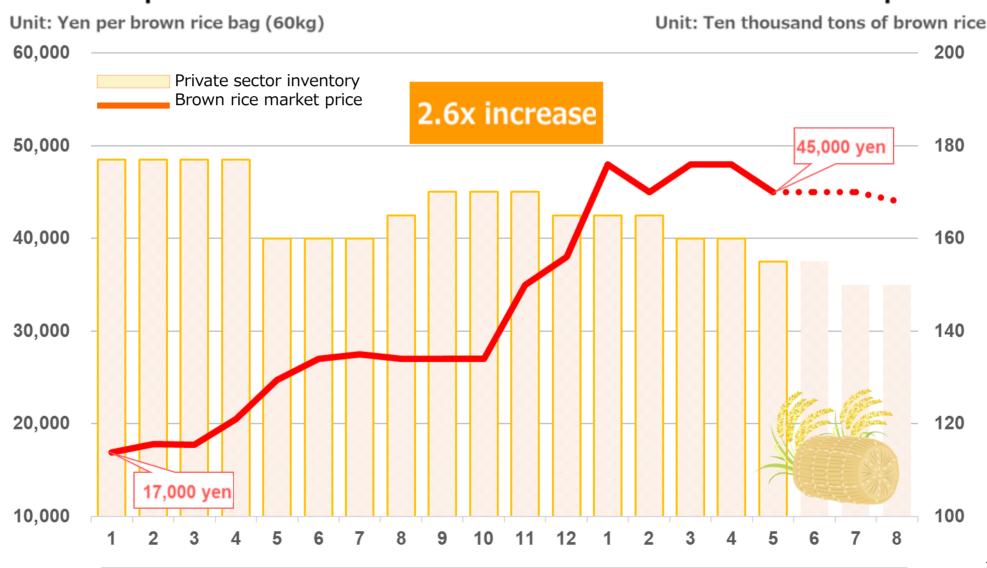


Food Inflation Status (rice)

2025

• The market price of brown rice is expected to remain high at over 40,000 yen even after May.

Trends in private-sector inventories of rice and brown rice market prices

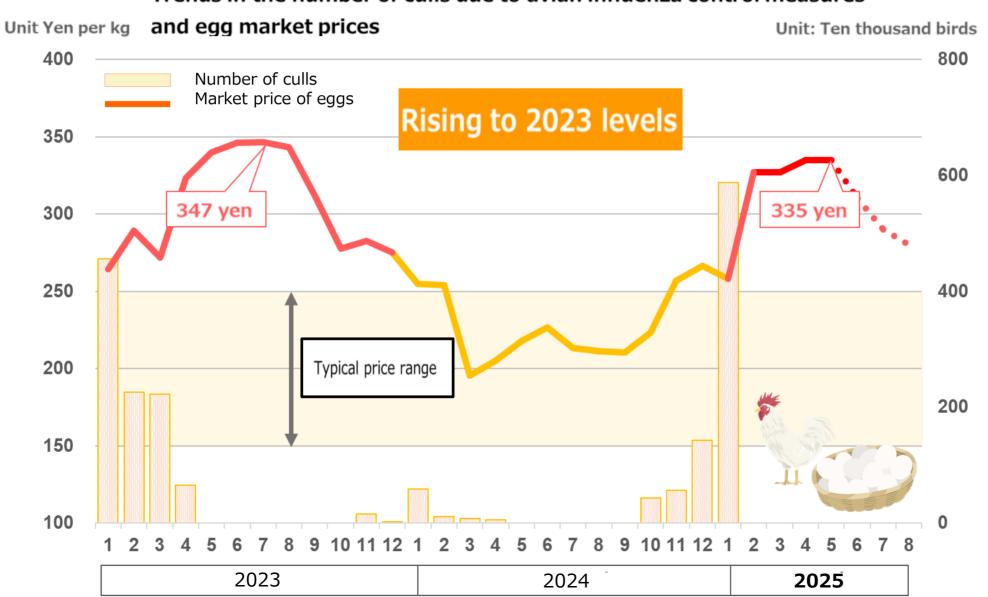


2024

Food Inflation Status (egg)

• The price surge due to avian influenza is expected to stabilize temporarily, but prices are still expected to be higher than usual.

Trends in the number of culls due to avian influenza control measures





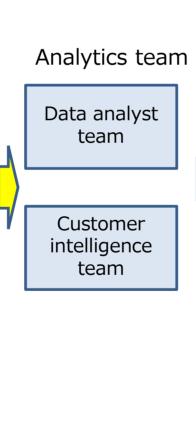
Menu/Promotion Strategies

Menu Development Structure Based on Brand-Specific Strategies



- Each brand's development team creates menus based on analysis from specialists such as data analysts, evaluates product performance after launch, and uses the results to improve future development.
- Menus launched in Q1 achieved strong sales performance.





Product development

Brand-specific menu development teams

Example: Yamaya motsunabe (offal hot pot) menu

Based on customer surveys, the following changes were made:

- Increased amount of motsu (offal)
- Introduced champon set
- Served on a portable stove
- Offered takeout and delivery
- Price increased by 110 yen





Promotional Strategies Tailored to Brand Characteristics



- Through initiatives such as 'media optimization according to brand characteristics' and 'coupon distribution for key store groups', the ROI of promotional activities has been increasing year by year.
- In the app, starting in April, Gusto introduced Dynamic Coupon 2 (prefectural coupons), which has shown effects on sales and gross profit. Development is currently underway for Dynamic Coupons 3 and 4).

Media Optimization Based on Brand/Customer Characteristics (An Example)

Flyer

→Coupons targeted at senior customers



Social media ad

→Coupons targeted at vounger customers



Coupon Distribution for Key Store Groups (Implementation Example)



- Target: 85 stores with available capacity on weekdays
- Period: Late February to Early March
- Notification Method: Through the App and Email Newsletter

Geo-targeting, Hand-delivered Flyers, SNS Effect*:

Number of Customers per day Dailiy Sales

*Difference from Non-Participating Stores

+17%

Advanced coupon strategy via App



Same post-discount price



The coupon price is the same after discount regardless of the price range



Dynamic Coupon ①



Coupon price varies by price range



Dynamic coupon²



Coupon price varies by prefecture →Gross margin on coupon products

improved by over 30%

To be implem ented in H2 2025

To be

2025

Dynamic coupon 3

Coupon price varies by store

implem ented at the end of

Dynamic coupon 4

Coupon price varies by customer



Store Development Summary

Store Development Summary



• The progress of store development is, at this point, generally on schedule

Brand	New openings	Brand conversion	Closure	End of Mar.2025	Remodeling
Gusto	-	-	(5)	1,242	18
Bamiyan	-	1	-	364	7
Syabu-Yo	1	-	(1)	301	-
Yumean	1	_	(1)	171	2
Jonathan's	-	_	(1)	162	7
FLO Prestige	1	_	(1)	124	1
Steak Gusto	-	_	(1)	81	-
Musashinomori Coffee	-	_	-	82	-
Taiwan Skylark	3	_	(1)	80	1
Sukesan Udon	1	_	-	75	-
Jyu-Jyu Karubi	1	1	-	46	-
Tonkaratei	-	_	(1)	32	-
chawan	1	_	-	27	1
Others	1	_	(1)	292	3
Group total	10	2	(13)	3,079 # of stores compared to end FY2024: (3)	40



Progress of Medium-Term Management Plan

Financial Targets of Medium-Term Management Plan (Repost)



 Medium-term management plan: Sales of 460 bn yen, operating profit of 32 bn yen, and net income of 18 bn yen in 2027.

			024 uals	FY2025 Guidance		FY2027 Mid-Term Plan		FY2025-FY 2027
Item	Unit	Actual	Sales ratio	Actual	Sales ratio	Actual	Sales ratio	CAGR*
Sales	Bn yen	401.1	-	445.0	-	Approx. 460.0	-	7% or more
ВР	Bn yen	24.3	6.1%	27.5	6.2%	Approx. 34.0	7.4%	20% or more
OP	Bn yen	24.2	6.0%	25.0	5.6%	Approx. 32.0	7.0%	20% or more
NI	Bn yen	14.0	3.4%	14.8	3.3%	Approx. 18.0	3.9%	20% or more
ROE	%	8.3%	-	8.3%	-	9-10%	-	-

Assumptions for Mid-Term Management Plan					
		New openings (Japan)	Approx. 300 stores in 3 years		
SSS Grow CAGR (FY2025-		New openings (International)	Approx. 100 stores in 3 years		
G. 1. G. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.		Brand conversions	Approx. 40 stores/year		
Total sales	+3-4 %	Remodeling	Approx. 300 stores/year		
Eat-in traffic	+1 %	CAPEX	28-30 bn yen per year on average		
Eat-in ATP	+2-3 %	Exchange rate	JPY145/USD		

The annual average growth rate refers to the growth rate compared to the 2024 performance forecast at the time of the medium-term plan disclosure. (2024 Performance Forecast at the Time of Medium-Term Plan Disclosure)

Sales: ¥375 billion Business Profit: ¥17 billion Operating Profit: ¥15 billion Net Income: ¥7.5 billion

3 Axes of Our Growth Strategy: Progress



Item

Progress

- 1. Promotion of DX
- Issuing electronic receipts through the Skylark app.
- Enabling Skylark points for use on the delivery website.
- Full-scale rollout of automated guidance system following pilot phase (primarily at Syabu-Yo).
- Promoting "Problem Task Force." 140 DX initiatives implemented in Q1 (1.5x increase YoY).
- 2. Enhancement of human capital "Store-centered management"
- Improved weekend crew attendance through the introduction of crew point system.
- Personnel system changes expanding managers' authority to modify job grades.
- Introduction of spot crew system, which allows crew members to work at stores other than their own.

- 3. Promotion of ESG
- Solar power generation installed at a total of 258 facilities via offsite PPA methods.
- Syabu-Yo's initiative to reduce food loss, the "Komamedori Project," received the Consumer Affairs Agency Commissioner's Award for consumer-oriented management.
- Recognized as an "A List Company" with the highest ratings in CDP's Climate Change and Water Security.

Growth Strategy Progress



Item

1. Existing

store

growth

Target values

Traffic growth

- Brand conversions: Avg. 40 stores/yearRemodeling:
 - Remodeling: Avg.+1% per Avg. 300 stores/year year
- ATP growth: Avg. 2-3%/year
- ⇒Existing store growth: Annual average 3-4%

Progress (Q1FY2025)

 Growth Rate Exceeding the Assumptions of the Medium-Term Business Plan

Same-Store Sales Growth Rate (YoY) Q1 2025 2025 Results Performance Forecast

+9.7% +5%

2. New store openings (Japan)

Approx. 300 new store openings in Japan in 3 years

Number of New Store Openings (Domestic) Q1 2025 Results 2025 Performance Forecast

6 stores

65~70 stores

3. Overseas expansion

Approx. 100 new store openings internationally in 3 years

The number of new store openings in Q1 2025 is 4 stores

(3 stores in Taiwan, 1 Shabu-yo store in Malaysia)

4. Pursuit of M&A

3 to 5 cases in 3 years

One case implemented in 2024 and one case implemented in 2025.

⇒ The acquisition of CCS (Suki-ya) in Malaysia in January 2025.



Overseas Business

Overseas Business



Area

Target

Q1 Progress & Forecast

Taiwan

Malaysia

United

Approx. 100 store openings in 3 vears

- Operating 80 stores in Taiwan under 7 brands (as of March 2025)
- Plan to open 10 new stores in 2025
- Number of store openings in Q1 is 3
- Operating with the Syabu-Yo and Suki-ya brands in Malaysia
- 6 stores opened as of March 2025 (only Syabu-Yo)
- Both Syabu-Yo and Suki-ya have established profitable business models and are expanding store openings
 - ⇒ Planning to open 6 stores under 2 brands in 2025
- Number of store openings in Q1 is 1 Syabu-Yo
- Operating with the Syabu-Yo brand in the U.S.
- First U.S. store is a high-sales store with annual sales exceeding 500 million yen
- 2 stores opened as of March 2025
- No store openings planned for 2025

States



M&A

M&A Progress: Sukesan Udon



FY2024 results (Jan to Dec)

Sales: Approx. 16.0 bn yen (Approx 0.21 bn yen per store)

OP: Approx. 0.6 bn yen

Store opening plan

78 stores in operation as of the end of April 2025.

4 stores opened in the Kanto region

Future plans:

2025: 21 stores (expansion into Kanto

and Kansai regions)

2026: 50 stores (expansion into Kanto

and Kansai regions)

From 2027 targeting 100 store openings

onward: annually nationwide



Policy for FY2025

In 2025, focus on laying the groundwork for expansion from 2026 onward

- Preparation for multi-store expansion.
- ⇒ Build a supply chain capable of supporting expansion into Kanto and Kansai regions
- Preparation for the transition from existing Skylark brands.
 - **⇒** Begin assessing approx. 200 potential stores
 - ⇒ Create conversion packages and manuals based on our expertise

M&A Progress: Suki-ya



In January 2025, acquired "Suki-ya," a highly popular shabu-shabu chain in Malaysia

FY2024 results

Sales: Approx. 3.5 bn yen (0.26 bn yen per store)

OP: Approx. 1.1 bn yen

About Suki-ya

No. of stores

13 stores (as of the end of April 2025)

Store opening plan:

2025: 3 stores

Expansion of store openings planned from 2026 onward

Policy for FY2025

- Potential for over 70 store openings in Malaysia
- Synergies with Syabu-Yo in Malaysia
 - ⇒ Streamlining through integration of supply chains and headquarters functions, and increasing the number of stores
- Further expansion into other Muslim countries such as Indonesia



Shareholder Returns

Shareholder Returns



Dividends

◆ Basic policy on dividend payout ratio "Approximately 30% of consolidated adjusted net income"

	Interim	Year-end	Total	Payout ratio
FY2024	7.5 yen	11.0 yen	18.5 yen	30.1%
Forecast for FY2025	8.0 yen	12.0 yen	20.0 yen	30.7%

■ Shareholder benefits

- The amount of shareholder benefits will remain unchanged.
- ◆ From April 1, 2025, convenience will be improved through the following two updates:
 - 1) Shareholder benefit cards will be usable in 1-yen increments instead of 500-yen increments
 - ② Sukesan Udon will be added to the list of eligible brands *Not available at some stores

Number of shares held	Gift amount as of the end of June	Gift amount as of the end of December	Gift amount Annual total
100-299 shares	2,000 yen	2,000 yen	4,000 yen
300-499 shares	5,000 yen	5,000 yen	10,000 yen
500-999 shares	8,000 yen	8,000 yen	16,000 yen
1,000 shares or more	17,000 yen	17,000 yen	34,000 yen

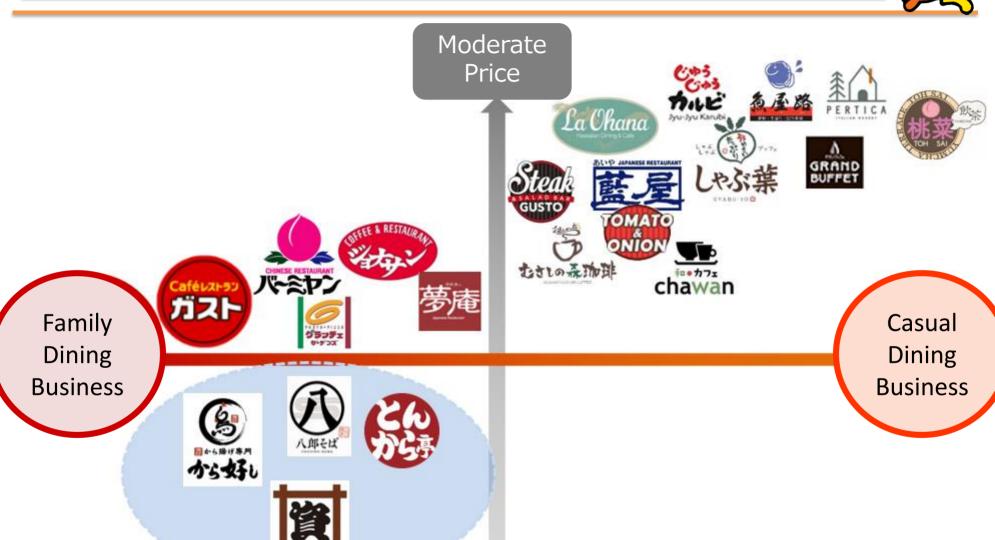


Domestic Brand Portfolio

Domestic Brand Portfolio

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Value Price

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