

For Immediate Release

Notification regarding the disclosure of materials for Hitachi Energy Investor Day (CFO presentation)

Tokyo, October 30, 2025, Hitachi, Ltd. (TSE:6501) today announced the disclosure of the presentation materials for “Hitachi Energy Investor Day,” which will be held on Thursday, October 30, 2025, from 5:00 p.m. GMT (Friday, October 31, 2025 from 2:00 a.m. JST).

Attached materials: CFO presentation “Financial Performance and Growth Outlook”

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Financial Performance and Growth Outlook

Ismo Haka
CFO, Hitachi Energy

Date
October 30, 2025

Revenues CAGR

Target 2021-2024

12-15%

Actual

21%



Adjusted EBITA¹

Target 2024

8-12% (6.1% in 2021)

Actual

11.1%



ROIC²

MMP Target 2024

15%

Actual

25%



We delivered higher growth across our portfolio

We continuously improved our operations

We accelerated cash conversion

In nominal rate.

¹ Adj. EBITA adjusted operating income plus acquisition-related amortization. In FY2024, includes equity in earnings (losses) of affiliates, excl. structural reform expenses

² Hitachi Energy standalone ROIC

Revenues CAGR
2024-2030

13-15%

Adjusted EBITA¹
2030

16-20%

ROIC²
2024-2030

25-30%

Backlog

\$50B in FY2025, the industry's largest, reflecting strong market demand



New business models

Standardization & frame agreements



Operational efficiency

Maximizing factory utilization and productivity with standardization through our Digital Core



Capacity expansion

Expand existing manufacturing sites and build new ones to address market demand



People

Growing workforce by 15,000 people through 2027



Service

Digital as an enabler to address our market-leading installed base



Volume leverage

Optimizing and harmonizing our operations through our Digital Core



Innovation

Cementing our technology leadership with increasing R&D investments

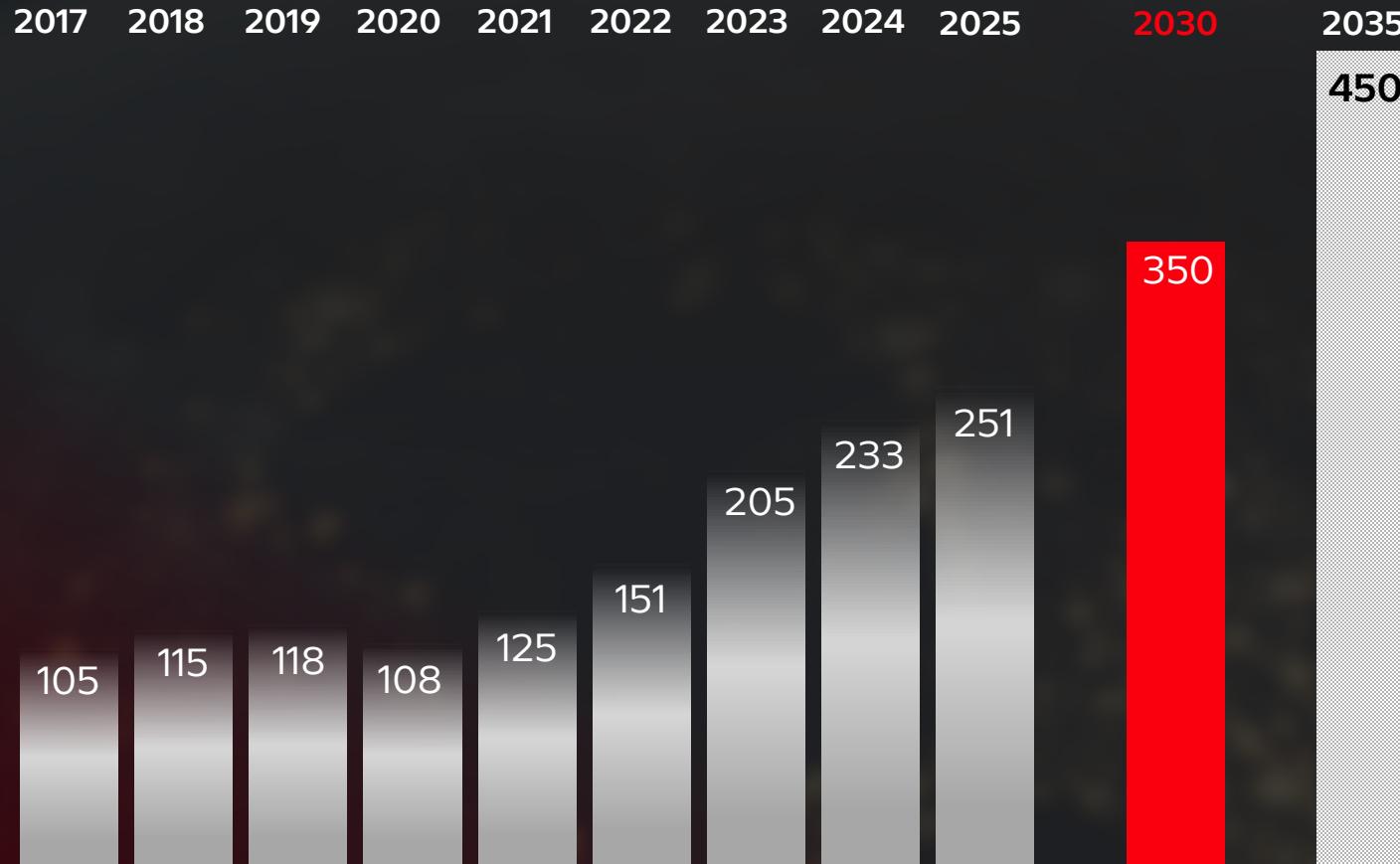


Growth

Productivity

Estimated Market Size for Hitachi Energy

HITACHI



By 2030

\$350B

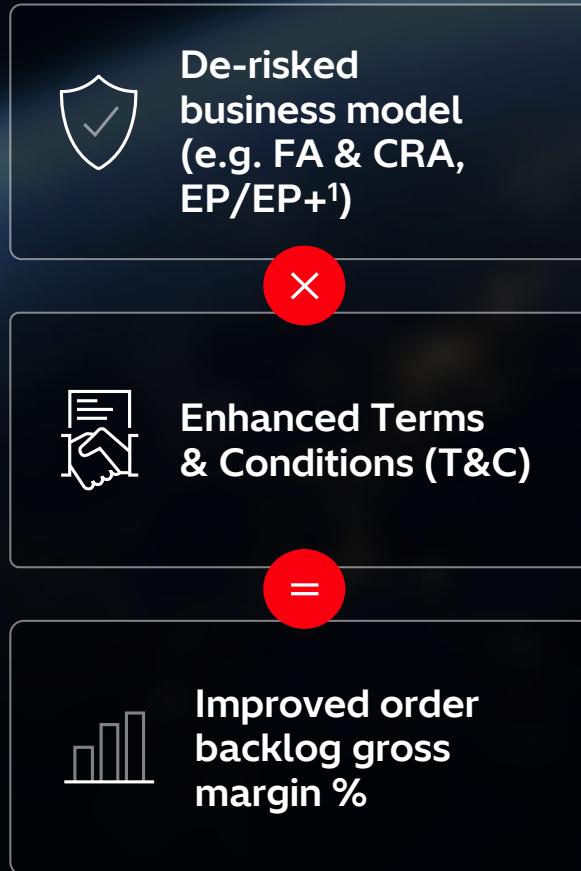
CAGR 2024-2030

~7%

CAGR 2030-2035

~5%



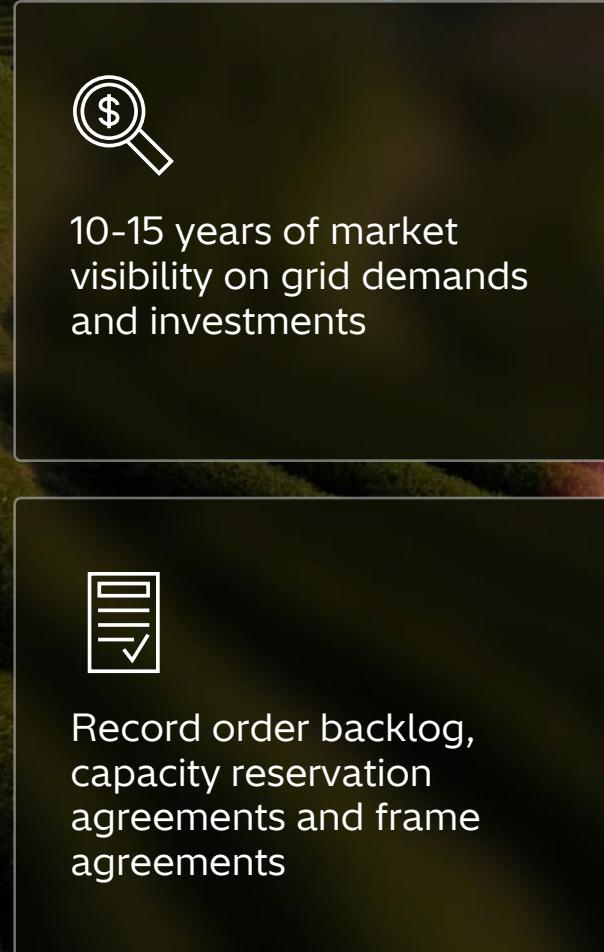


Growing backlog with higher margin & increased visibility



\$9 billion of investments in production capacity, service offering, engineers, partnerships and R&D

HITACHI



Production Capacity Increase¹

4x	Dry Capacitors
2.5x	Valves
2x	Switchgear
2x	Semiconductors
2x	Power transformers
2.5x	HVDC transformers



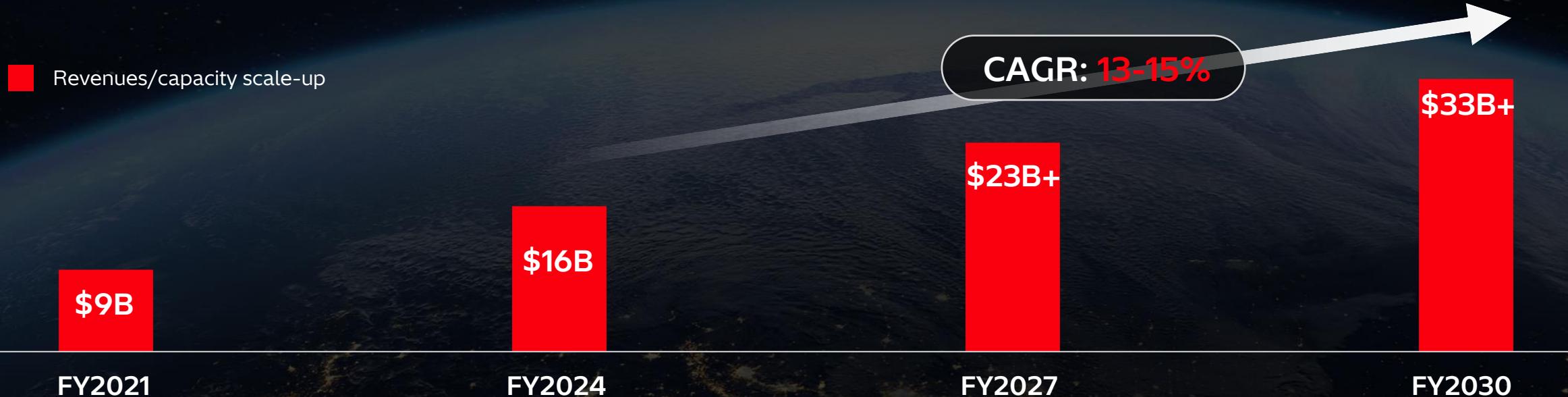
Disciplined approach to existing capacity optimization and new investments



Global network of manufacturing capacity and service capabilities

Enablers of Revenue Growth to Maintain #1 Position

HITACHI



Deployment of our Digital Core
(S4/HANA, Workday, etc.)

Productivity measures
Shift increases in factories
Proactive CAPEX investments

Market

Execution

Digitalization
of Operations

~\$2B CAPEX in FY2023-25: optimizing
existing and disciplined investment in new
factories

+15,000 colleagues in 2024-2027

AI embedded throughout
our operations

~\$2B CAPEX in FY2026-28, optimizing
existing and disciplined investment in new
factories

Volume leverage supports expanding margins

01 Productivity through our Digital Core and AI

02 Agility and resilience in our operations

03 One Hitachi synergies

04 Increase investment in innovation



Sales cost %



Admin cost %

Adjusted EBITA¹ Bridge to 2030 Ambition



Key value drivers

Volume

Capacity expansion enables additional volume, driving operational efficiencies and lower SG&A%

Margin increase including Lumada

Margin increase from order backlog and expanding share of Service & Digital revenue, delivering margin accretion

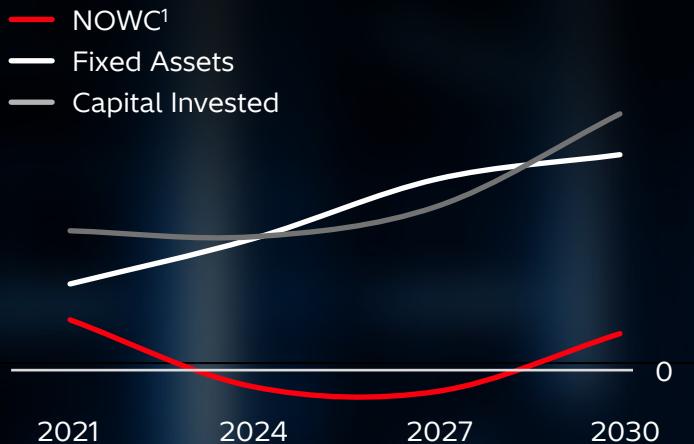
Other Enablers

- Inorganic growth
- Operational excellence driving further margin improvements
- Additional capacity expansion, beyond existing plans

In constant currency

¹ Adj. EBITA adjusted operating income plus acquisition-related amortization. In FY2024, includes equity in earnings (losses) of affiliates, excluding structural reform expenses

Fixed Assets, NOWC¹ & Capital Invested



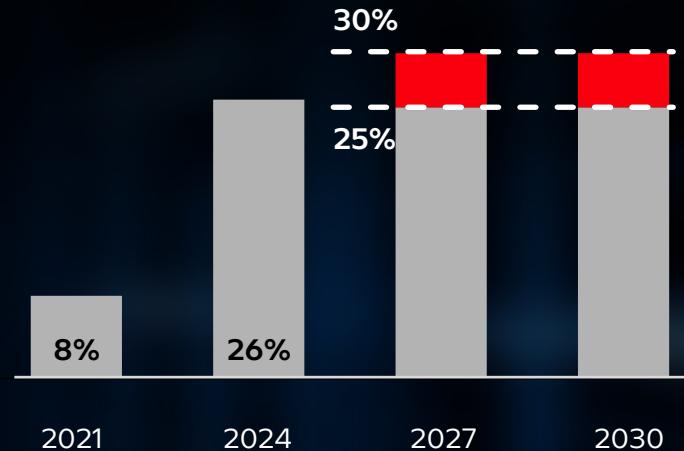
Meeting market demand through capacity optimization and expansion funded by record negative net working capital

Cash Conversion Cycle



Targeting an average cash conversion ratio of 90% over the supercycle to fund disciplined investments for growth

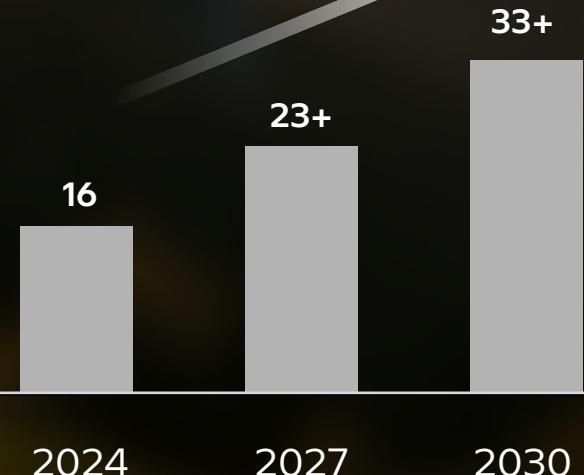
ROIC %²



Improving ROIC while making growth-enabling investments

Revenue BUSD

+13-15%



Adjusted EBITA¹ %

20%

15%

11%

13%

2024

2027

2030

2024

23+

33+

25-30%

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In constant currency

¹ Adj. EBITA adjusted operating income plus acquisition-related amortization. In FY2024, includes equity in earnings (losses) of affiliates, excluding structural reform expenses.

² Hitachi Energy standalone ROIC.

Scaling up for the next era of profitable growth and high returns

01

Energy transition driving attractive market growth leading to mid-teens revenue CAGR between 2024-2030

02

Revenue growth, relentless gross margin drive and volume leverage with focus on high growth, margin accretive offerings (Service and Digital) enable a 16-20% Adjusted EBITA¹ margin

03

Disciplined investments in optimization and expansion of capacity combined with higher profit results in ROIC² between 25-30% and average cash flow conversion above 90%

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Cautionary Statement

Certain statements found in this document may constitute "forward-looking statements" as defined in the U.S. Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such "forward-looking statements" reflect management's current views with respect to certain future events and financial performance and include any statement that does not directly relate to any historical or current fact. Words such as "anticipate," "believe," "expect," "estimate," "forecast," "intend," "plan," "project" and similar expressions which indicate future events and trends may identify "forward-looking statements." Such statements are based on currently available information and are subject to various risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those projected or implied in the "forward-looking statements" and from historical trends. Certain "forward-looking statements" are based upon current assumptions of future events which may not prove to be accurate. Undue reliance should not be placed on "forward-looking statements," as such statements speak only as of the date of this report.

Factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those projected or implied in any "forward-looking statement" and from historical trends include, but are not limited to:

- economic conditions, including consumer spending and plant and equipment investment in Hitachi's major markets, as well as levels of demand in the major industrial sectors Hitachi serves;
- exchange rate fluctuations of the yen against other currencies in which Hitachi makes significant sales or in which Hitachi's assets and liabilities are denominated;
- uncertainty as to Hitachi's ability to access, or access on favorable terms, liquidity or long-term financing;
- uncertainty as to general market price levels for equity securities, declines in which may require Hitachi to write down equity securities that it holds;
- fluctuations in the price of raw materials including, without limitation, petroleum and other materials, such as copper, steel, aluminum, synthetic resins, rare metals and rare-earth minerals, or shortages of materials, parts and components;
- credit conditions of Hitachi's customers and suppliers;
- general socioeconomic and political conditions and the regulatory and trade environment of countries where Hitachi conducts business, particularly Japan, Asia, the United States and Europe, including, without limitation, direct or indirect restrictions by other nations on imports and differences in commercial and business customs including, without limitation, contract terms and conditions and labor relations;
- uncertainty as to Hitachi's ability to respond to tightening of regulations to prevent climate change;
- uncertainty as to Hitachi's ability to maintain the integrity of its information systems, as well as Hitachi's ability to protect its confidential information or that of its customers;
- uncertainty as to Hitachi's ability to attract and retain skilled personnel;
- uncertainty as to Hitachi's ability to continue to develop and market products that incorporate new technologies on a timely and cost-effective basis and to achieve market acceptance for such products;
- the possibility of disruption of Hitachi's operations by natural disasters such as earthquakes and tsunamis, the spread of infectious diseases, and geopolitical and social instability such as terrorism and conflict;
- estimates, fluctuations in cost and cancellation of long-term projects for which Hitachi uses the percentage-of-completion method to recognize revenue from sales;
- increased commoditization of and intensifying price competition for products;
- fluctuations in demand of products, etc. and industry capacity;
- uncertainty as to Hitachi's ability to implement measures to reduce the potential negative impact of fluctuations in demand of products, etc., exchange rates and/or price of raw materials or shortages of materials, parts and components;
- uncertainty as to the success of cost structure overhaul;
- uncertainty as to Hitachi's ability to achieve the anticipated benefits of its strategy to strengthen its Social Innovation Business;
- uncertainty as to the success of acquisitions of other companies, joint ventures and strategic alliances and the possibility of incurring related expenses;
- uncertainty as to the success of restructuring efforts to improve management efficiency by divesting or otherwise exiting underperforming businesses and to strengthen competitiveness;
- the potential for significant losses on Hitachi's investments in equity-method associates and joint ventures;
- uncertainty as to the outcome of litigation, regulatory investigations and other legal proceedings of which the Company, its subsidiaries or its equity-method associates and joint ventures have become or may become parties;
- the possibility of incurring expenses resulting from any defects in products or services of Hitachi;
- uncertainty as to Hitachi's access to, or ability to protect, certain intellectual property; and
- uncertainty as to the accuracy of key assumptions Hitachi uses to evaluate its employee benefit-related costs.

The factors listed above are not all-inclusive and are in addition to other factors contained elsewhere in this report and in other materials published by Hitachi.

* This document has been translated from the Japanese original for reference purposes only. In the event of any discrepancy between this translated document and the Japanese original, the original shall prevail.