

Financial Results -

Financial Results For the Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2026 Supplementary Briefing Materials

Leveraging proprietary big data, we are building a foundation to expand our business into areas where leverage can be effectively applied. We have set forth the principle of 'Achieve both growth and capital allocation simultaneously' and will raise our dividend payout ratio to 100%.

eGuarantee, Inc. (Tokyo Stock Exchange (Prime Market): 8771)

May 15, 2026

Toward a financial infrastructure that opens access to credit data and supports new challenges.



Masanori Eto
President and CEO

We would like to express our sincere gratitude to our shareholders and investors for your continued understanding and support of our business activities. Regarding the financial results for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2026, the results were in line with our initial forecasts. Since our listing, we have achieved our publicly announced ordinary profit budget for 19 consecutive fiscal years and have maintained net sales and ordinary profit growth for 24 consecutive years. We would like to take this opportunity to express our deepest appreciation once again.

Since, our establishment, we have operated our business based on the belief that 'corporate credit risk should not be assessed solely on financial statements or collateral, but rather that corporate value should be understood through a company's day-to-day operational history and external reputation. We believe that credit commensurate with such value should be extended to contribute to corporate growth. We also believe that there is a "third force" to replace traditional financial institutions such as banks, which have long been the central players in finance, and securities firms, whose functions have largely been limited to large corporations'—this belief has guided our business to date.

In terms of business development, we initially identified the guarantee of accounts receivable as our first area of focus, with the aim of capturing business to business transaction data. This field has gradually gained recognition and appreciation from many domestic companies. Currently, our guarantee obligation has reached JPY 2.7 trillion, and our guarantee liabilities have exceeded JPY 900 billion, with expectations to reach the JPY 1 trillion milestone during the current fiscal year. Above all, by currently guaranteeing transactions for over 500,000 companies, we have succeeded in accumulating a vast amount of data, including transaction status, payment records, and mutual evaluations. We consider the acquisition of this data to be our most significant achievement to date.

At the same time, we are entering a new era driven by emerging trends such as AI, where the possession of rich foundational data has become a key source of competitive advantage. Since our inception, under the concept of data mining, we have continuously accumulated a broad range of data without being constrained by whether it would have immediate future relevance. This steady accumulation is now becoming a significant asset for us. By leveraging these data assets, even as a smaller player compared to traditional financial institutions such as banks, we see substantial potential to achieve significant growth by utilizing IT and AI technologies. Going forward, we aim to further accelerate our growth and contribute to social transformation by expanding our business domains beyond trade receivables into new areas such as lending.

In our Medium-Term Business Plan, alongside our financial targets, we have outlined a strategy to shift gears toward accelerated growth through a process of transitioning from data accumulation to data utilization and, ultimately, data release. In the area of credit risk guarantees, we are establishing a two-pronged approach: 'increasing headcount' and 'establishing expansion methods that do not require a large number of personnel,' while also demonstrating our direction for future growth by expanding into peripheral areas such as lending guarantees in the indirect finance sector. Regarding our financial targets, such as net sales and ordinary profit, we must sincerely apologize for a significant delay of approximately 1 to 1.5 years compared to our initial plan. This was primarily due to the recruitment of sales personnel not progressing as expected during the first year of the plan. Since then, through various measures, our efforts to strengthen the sales force are steadily getting back on track. However, challenges remain, such as increasing the contract unit price among the newly added sales personnel. On the other hand, our qualitative initiatives are progressing steadily. We will strive to capitalize on current tailwinds, such as rising interest rates and increasing inflation, which are expected to lead to a shakeout of companies.

At the same time, while pursuing both growth and capital allocation, we will continue to steadily implement measures toward our financial targets of ROE and ROIC of 20%. Under our business model, in which we seek to monetize and hedge risks to the greatest extent possible through securitization, we have reviewed our capital policy by estimating the required capital after taking into account the amount of guarantee liabilities we effectively bear, as well as future investment needs. Based on this review, we will prioritize shareholder returns while maintaining a flexible approach to investment opportunities and will continue to explain and respond to such investment needs in the market as they arise. As a result, we have revised our dividend policy and have set a target payout ratio of 100%.

Furthermore, given the limited number of comparable companies in our field and the resulting difficulty in fully conveying our business model, strengths, and future growth potential, we have significantly redesigned the format of our earnings presentation materials as part of our efforts to strengthen investor relations, with a greater focus on clearly explaining our business model and related elements.

We sincerely ask for the continued support of our shareholders, and we will strive as a united team, with a sense of purpose and pride, to further develop and expand our business to meet your expectations. We would also like to express our heartfelt appreciation to our shareholders and investors for your continued guidance and support going forward.

A credit risk platform that converts transaction risks into investment opportunities.

We underwrite the [risk associated with uncollectible sales credit] held by companies, appropriately assess and diversify it, and convert it into [risk from which profit can be earned] for institutional investors and financial institutions to distribute. A mechanism that connects risk originators with risk takers. The source of our competitiveness is Japan's largest big data on corporate credit risk.

Underwrite credit risk

Convert it into investment opportunities

Securitize and diversify

The scope of underwriting is not limited to sales credit, but is expanding to the entire credit risk spectrum, including loan receivables.

Eliminate
Credit Risk



**Client
Companies**
(Risk Originators)

Risk
Guarantee
↔
Guarantee fee

Accounts Receivable
Transactions

Trade Volume
Expansion



**Business
Partners**

Credit
Assessment
← --

eGuarantee



Score

Analyze and
Quantify Credit
Risk



Price

Pricing Guarantee
Fees for Each
Business Partner



Slice

Diversify Risk
Through Smaller
Exposures



Unique Big Data

Japan's largest corporate credit database.

Diversify Risk and
Maximize Returns



**Investors
and
Financial
Institutions**
(Risk takers)

Stability-Oriented
Low Risk, Low Return

Balanced
Medium Risk, Medium Return

Growth-Oriented
High Risk, High Return

Securitize
→
Return
(reinsurance
fee)

Various Credit Data(page 9)

Underwriting Decision Data

Investment Highlights

The unique player capable of forming a marketplace through an end-to-end process for business-to-business credit risk—from Pricing (Quantification) to Underwriting and Securitization. As credit data based on the tracking of B2B transactions of 580,000 companies is a source of competitiveness and a strong barrier to entry, we will accelerate the expansion of business scope through data monetization.

Track Record: Generating Stable Cash Flow Through High Profitability and a Recurring Revenue Business Model

Gross profit
73.2%

Ordinary profit margin
48.0%

Interest-bearing debt
0

ROE
16.2%

Payout ratio
51.4%

Capital adequacy ratio
68.8%

24 Consecutive Fiscal Years
Net sales and Profit Growth

(As of March 31, 2026)

Source of Competitive Advantage and Barrier to Entry

Enabled by the Company's unique business model.
Big Data on Corporate Credit Risk

P.9

Number of Companies Assessed per Year
360K Companies

Daily Data Acquisition and Registration Volume

2.6M
Data Items

Number of Guaranteed Companies
Approx. **580K** *
Companies



Calculate Bankruptcy Possibility by Individual Company

*Total number of obligors for which guarantee limits have been established.

Growth Story: Business Expansion

Current Situation

P.22

A Market for Underwriting Credit Risk at Low Cost

Credit Guarantee × Securitization

Customer Value: Expanding Business Without Credit Risk

↓ Acceleration of Data-Driven Expansion in the Era of Practical AI Adoption

Short Term

P.27

Evolving into a Credit Infrastructure Enabling Non-Bank Lending

Loan Guarantee × Non-Financial Industries

Customer Value: Enabling Fundraising Without Collateral

↓ Data becomes more sophisticated as the market expands.

Mid- long term

Building a foundation that enables appropriate risk-taking and new challenges.

Redesigning Financial Infrastructure

Social Value: Driving Societal Growth through Efficient Allocation of Resources

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Revenue structure: A high-margin recurring revenue model built on accumulating guaranteed liabilities

A recurring revenue model where guarantee liabilities continue to accumulate steadily, driven by high contracts renewal rates. Achieved an average operating profit margin of 50% over the past three fiscal years.

*Key components

Net Sales

Guarantee Liabilities

Sales Force



Acquired liabilities per Sales employee

Over 90% is driven by renewal demand



Guarantee Fee Rate

Calculate bankruptcy possibilities for each underwritten company to set guarantee fee rates.

Example

Company A's Bankruptcy possibility
0.9%
×
at a certain multiple

Company A's Guarantee Fee Rate **1.8%**

Guarantee fee rate
1.24%

Costs

Cost ratio
c24%

Securitization Costs*

Cost to Securitize Risks

Securitized Guarantee Liabilities



Re-insurance Fee rate

Risks retained within the Group.

eG Underwritten Guarantee Liabilities



Default Rate

Referral Fee paid to business partners

Guarantee Fee from referral **10%**

*Cost ratio and SG&A ratio are based on the average of the past three fiscal years.

SG&A

SG&A Ratio
c26%

Sales personnel costs*

Sales Personnel



Personnel cost per employee

Other expenses (office rent, etc.)

Operating Profit

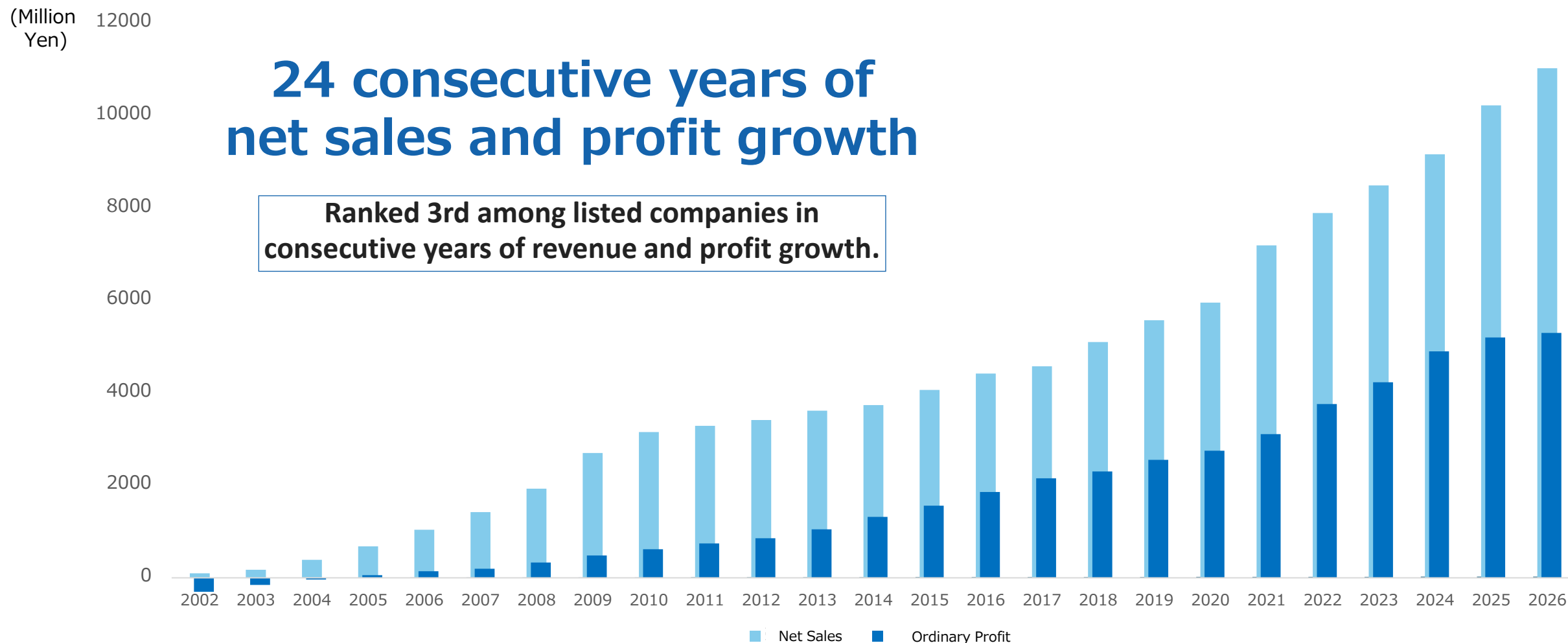
Operating profit margin
c50%

Ranked 15th among companies listed on the Tokyo Stock Exchange.

Once implemented, the guarantee service becomes embedded in customers' credit management processes, resulting in a recurring business model with a contract renewal rate of over 90%.

Highly Recurring Revenue Structure: Net Sales Trends

Supported by a recurring revenue model backed by a contract renewal rate exceeding 90%, the Company has achieved highly stable revenue growth with limited exposure to economic fluctuations. Leveraging this strong earnings base, the Company has achieved 24 consecutive years of net sales and profit growth, one of the strongest track records among listed companies.



Source: Diamond Zai Online, "Consecutive Revenue and Profit Growth Ranking [2026 Edition]: Pan Pacific International Holdings Ranked No.1 with 34 Consecutive Years — 45 Long-Term Stable Growth Stocks with Continued Revenue and Profit Growth" (published on February 23, 2026).

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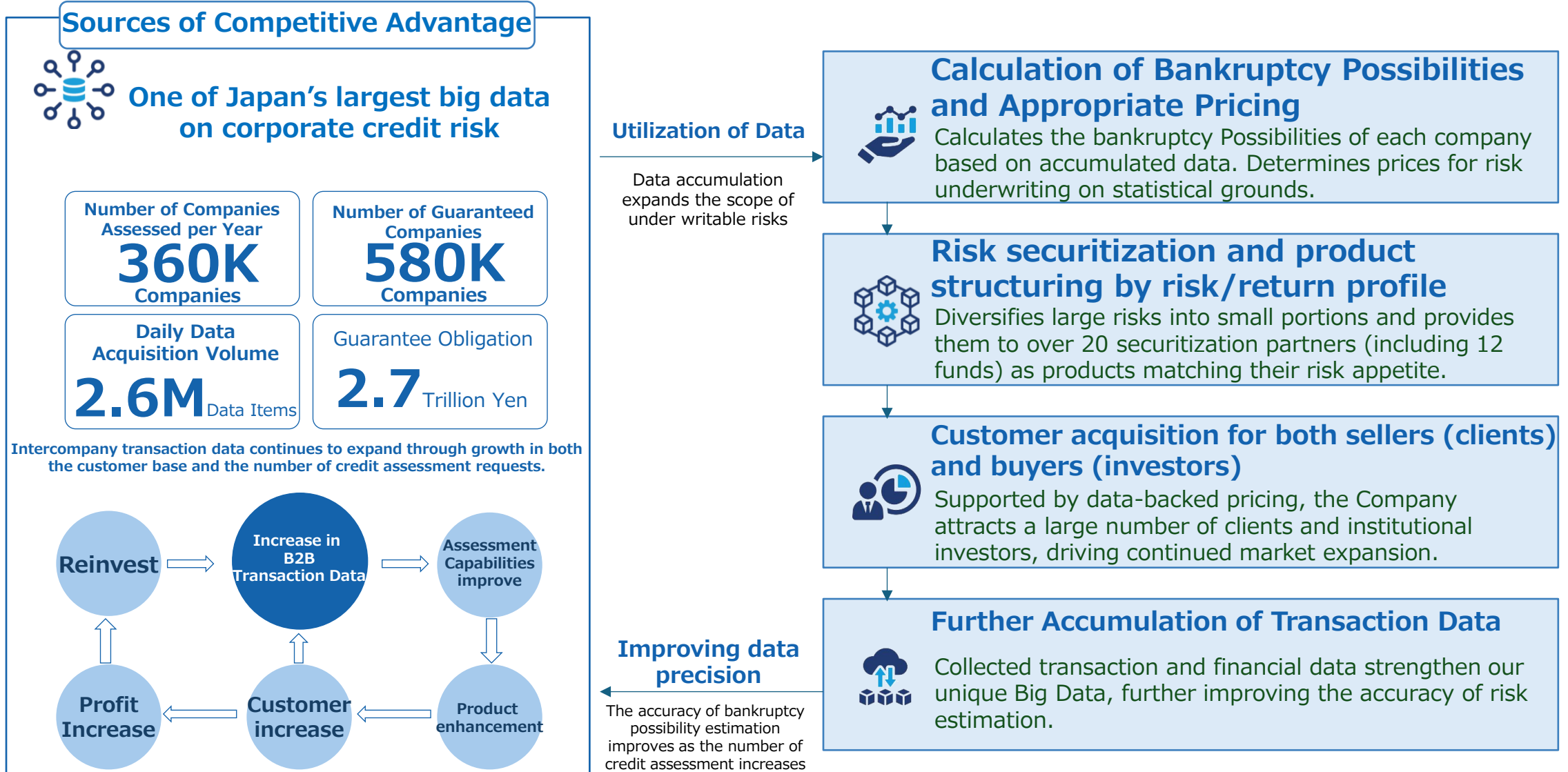
Redesigning Financial Infrastructure

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Sources of Competitive Advantage : Unique Credit Big Data

Accumulated credit data on intercompany transactions supports pricing, securitization, and customer acquisition, creating entry barriers that strengthen as more risk is underwritten.



Examples of Proprietary Data

Instead of the traditional quantitative and static corporate credit assessments based on financial statements conducted by financial institutions, we perform qualitative and dynamic corporate credit assessments using big data, such as inter-company payment status. This expands the base of companies eligible for credit guarantees and supports the challenges of many enterprises.

Example 1: Infrastructure and Transaction Data

Delays in payment of utility bills (electricity, gas, etc.)

Information on deteriorating cash flow across the industry

Change in payment method

Industry-Wide Deterioration in Funding Conditions

Requests for changes to payment terms (payment sites)

Industry reputation

Payment delays to other companies

Guarantee requests from multiple companies

Example 2: On-Site Survey Data

Types of Vehicles Parked in the Parking Lot

Perceived affluence and positivity of the environment.

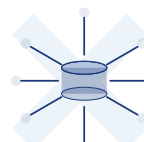
On-Site Images via Google Maps

Workplace Conditions(e.g., Broken Windows)



Daily Data Acquisition and Registration Volume

2.6M Data Items



Guarantee Obligation

2.7T Yen



Number of Companies Assessed per Year

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Example 3: Digital & Open Data

Changes in Online Ratings and Review Volumes

Executive Social Media Activity and Posting Frequency

Recruitment Information and Employee Reviews

Corporate Website Update Frequency and Advertising Activity

Number of YouTube Uploads and Views

Media and News Coverage

Example 4: Management & Organizational Data

CEO Age and Successor Availability

CEO-Successor Relationship

CEO Succession History

Value Chain and Company Strengths

Changes in Key Assets of the Representative

Customer Feedback on Products

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A one-of-a-kind market positioning

While leveraging our unique 'Personnel-Linked' model, in which highly productive human resources generate earnings combined with a recurring revenue (stock-based) structure, we are adding a 'leverage-type' engine utilizing our agent network and AI. These two growth drivers will accelerate the expansion of our earnings.

■ Business Model Characteristics

Recurring × Leverage

- **Mature SaaS Model** Subscription × 0 Marginal Cost
- **Post-Breakeven SaaS Model** Similar Model, Lower Profitability
- **Content IP Model** Recurring Hit Content Sales
- **Platform Investment-Led Model** Investment-Driven Losses

Transaction × Leverage

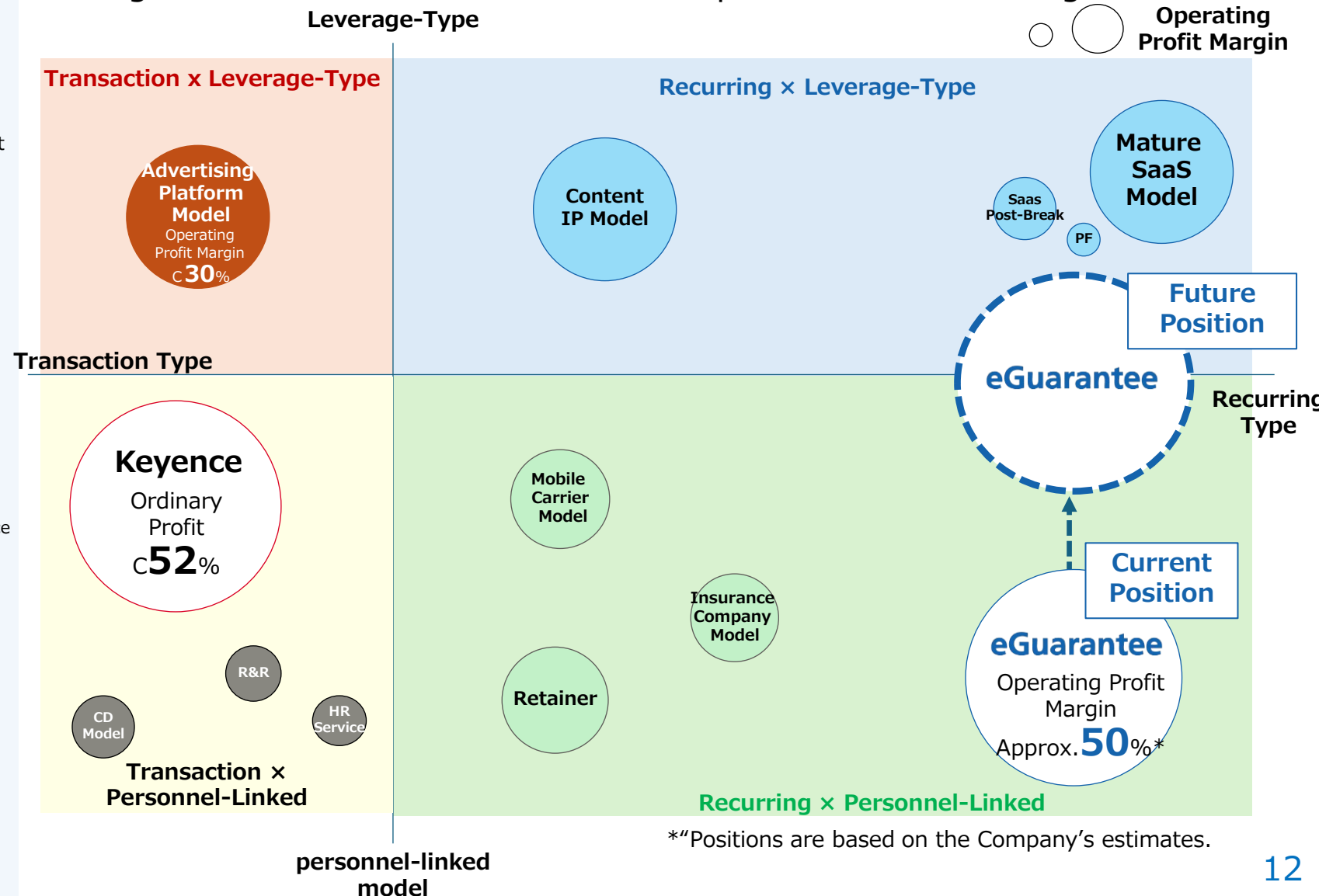
- **Advertising Platform Model** Ad Volume × Fixed Infrastructure

Recurring × Personnel-Linked

- **Current Position of eGuarantee**
- **Mobile Carrier Model** Stable Revenue × Heavy Capex
- **Insurance Company Model** Annual Renewal × Agency Reliance
- **Retainer-Based Model** Contracts × Headcount (Time)

Transaction × Personnel-Linked

- **Keyence Model** In-house Development × Direct Sales
- **Restaurant & Retail Chain Model** Store Expansion × Labor Costs
- **Human Resources Services Model** Matches × Staff Utilization
- **Contract Development Model** Projects × Man-Months



*"Positions are based on the Company's estimates.

01 **Financial Results For the Fiscal Year Ended March 31**

Guarantee Liabilities and Guarantee Obligation trends

Outstanding guaranteed obligations reached a record high of JPY 911.3 billion, driven by an increase in new contracts. While the number of corporate bankruptcies remained largely unchanged, growing demand for productivity improvements amid labor shortages and rising wages led to increased guarantee underwriting, supported by the Company's ability to meet outsourcing needs for administrative operations.

Guarantee Liabilities and Guarantee Obligation trends

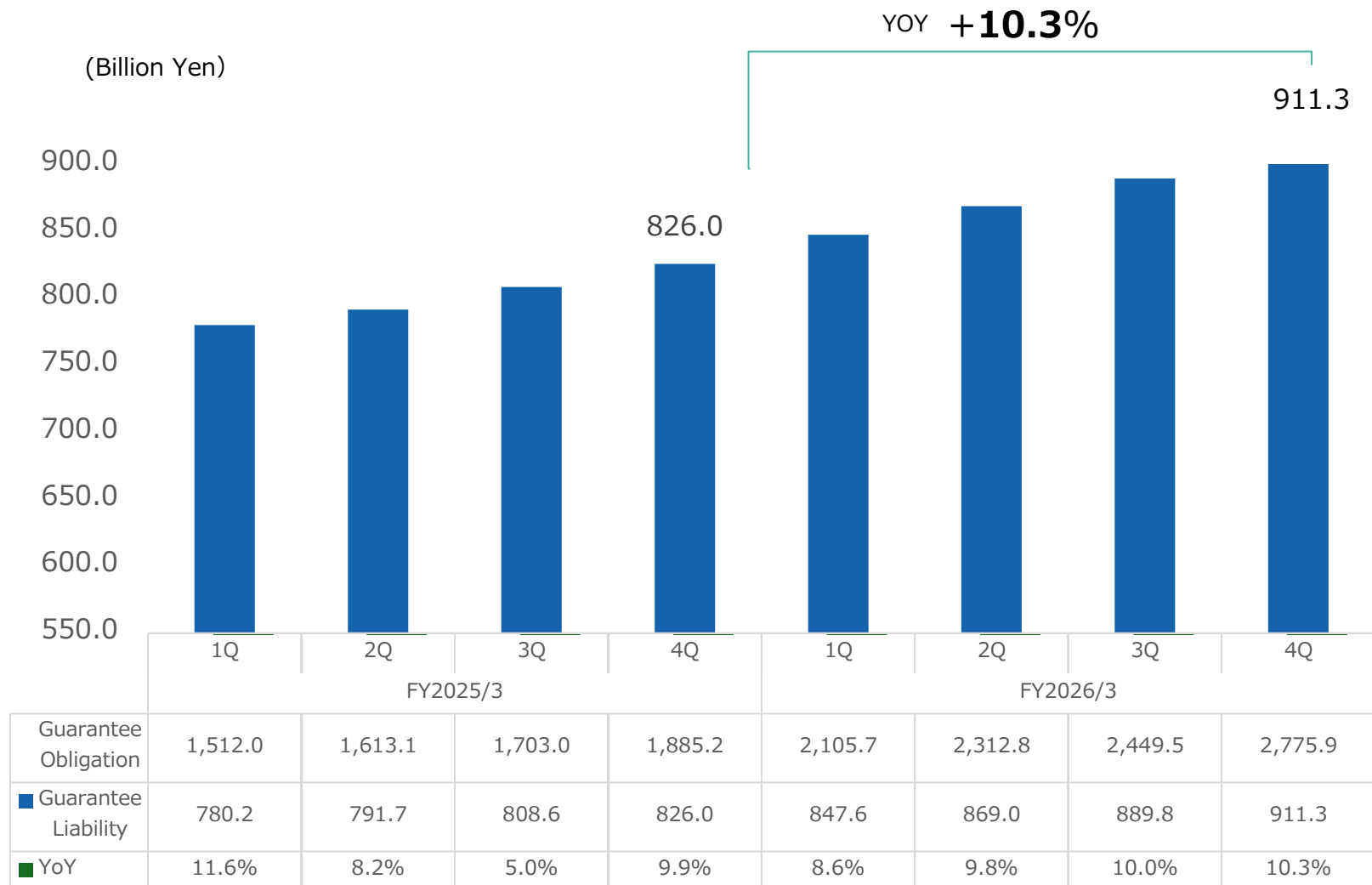
(Guarantee Obligation)

Total amount of guarantee limits established for each guaranteed client

■ Guarantee Liabilities

For contracts where outstanding receivables are identified, the amount represents the total receivables balance for each guaranteed company. For contracts where outstanding receivables are not identified, the amount represents the total guarantee limits established for each guaranteed company.

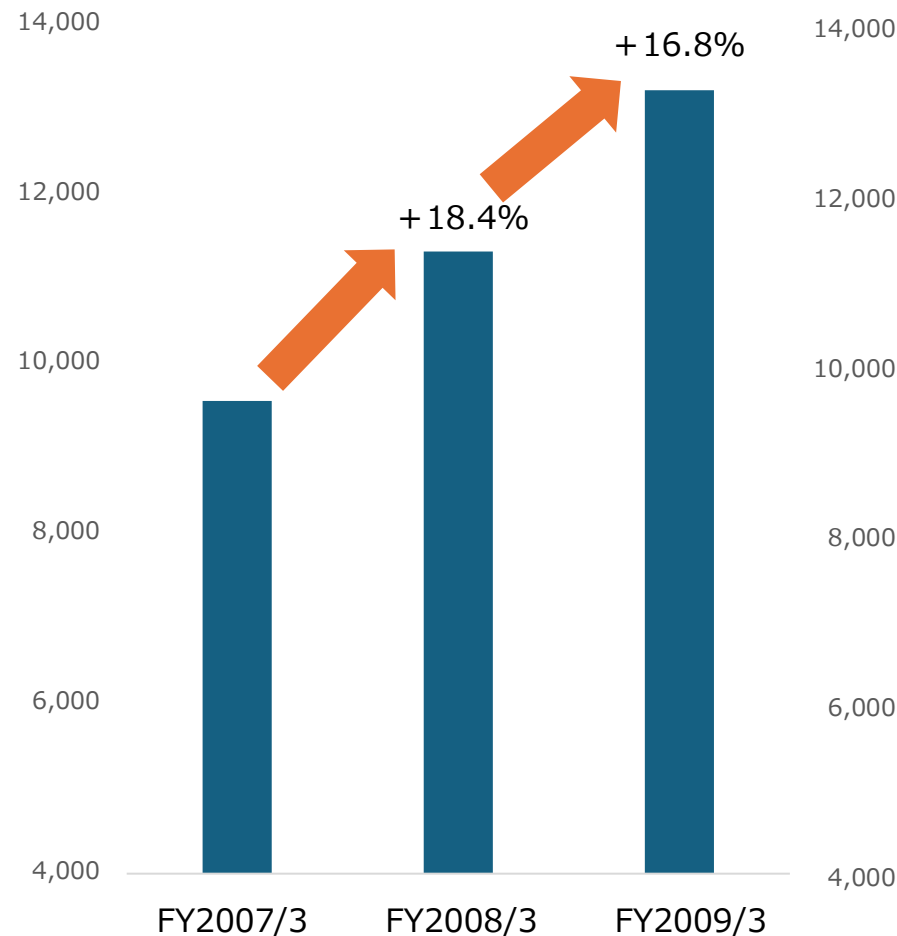
※Net sales=Guarantee Liabilities × Guarantee fee rate



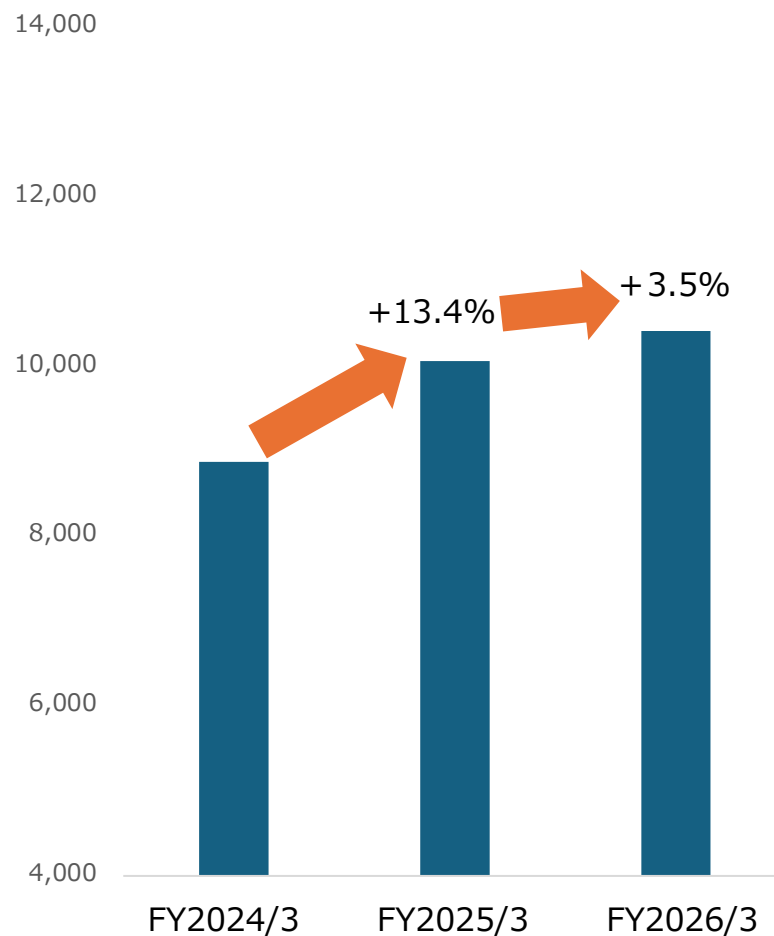
Market Environment: Corporate Bankruptcies

The number of bankruptcies remained lower than expected. Amid a high proportion of guarantee contracts aimed at improving productivity, an increase in the share of highly creditworthy guaranteed counterparties contributed to a decline in unit prices.

(Reference)Trend in corporate bankruptcies during the Lehman Shock period



Trend in corporate bankruptcies over the past 3 years



Bankruptcy trends

- The number of corporate bankruptcies has remained largely flat recently.
- Bankruptcies are expected to increase going forward due to rising interest rates and inflationary pressures.

Growing demand for productivity improvements

- Outsourcing of credit management operations
 - ↳ Labor shortages and an aging workforce
 - ↳ Cost pressures (wage inflation, rising prices, and yen depreciation)

Against the backdrop of rising wages and labor shortages, demand for outsourcing non-core operations is structurally expanding. Credit management represents a highly inefficient function duplicated across companies, offering significant potential for consolidation by specialized providers. ⇨ Guarantee Liabilities are expected to continue growing steadily, although unit prices are likely to trend downward.

P&L: Actual results vs. prior year

Guarantee liabilities and profit both met the initial plan.

Guarantee Fee Rate

Broadly stable over time.

Gross Profit Margin

Declined due to an increase in reinsurance rates following a deterioration in loss ratios at securitization counterparties, as well as higher guarantee payout amounts on the Company's own underwriting portfolio. As risk has been rebalanced and loss ratios have been improving, fiscal year ending March 2026 is expected to mark the bottom.

SG&A

While personnel costs increased due to headcount growth, the increase was limited as efficiency gains from systemization and other initiatives reduced overtime expenses.

Units(Million Yen)	FY2025/3	FY2026/3	YoY
Guarantee Liabilities	826,010	911,349	+10.3%
Net sales	10,224	11,029	+7.9%
Guarantee Fee Rate ※	1.32%	1.24%	▲0.08pt
Gross Profit	7,818	8,072	+3.2%
Gross Profit Margin	76.5%	73.2%	▲3.3pt
Selling, general and administrative expenses	▲2,715	▲2,871	+5.8%
Operating Profit	5,103	5,201	+1.9%
Operating Profit Margin	49.9%	47.2%	▲2.7pt
Ordinary Profit	5,203	5,302	+1.9%
EPS (Yen)	73	78	+6.6%

- Calculation method for guarantee fee rate: Calculated by dividing annualized semi-annual guarantee fee income by the average balance of guarantee liabilities at the fiscal year-end and interim period-end.
- Guarantee fee income (annualized): (Cumulative total at fiscal year-end - Cumulative total at interim period-end) × 2
- Average balance of guarantee liabilities: (Balance at fiscal year-end + Balance at interim period-end) ÷ 2

P&L Achievement vs. Initial Forecast for FY2026/3

eGuarantee
INNOVATION IN FINANCE

Operating profit, ordinary profit, and profit attributable to owners of parent have been achieved for 19 consecutive periods since the publication of performance forecasts for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2008, following the Company's listing

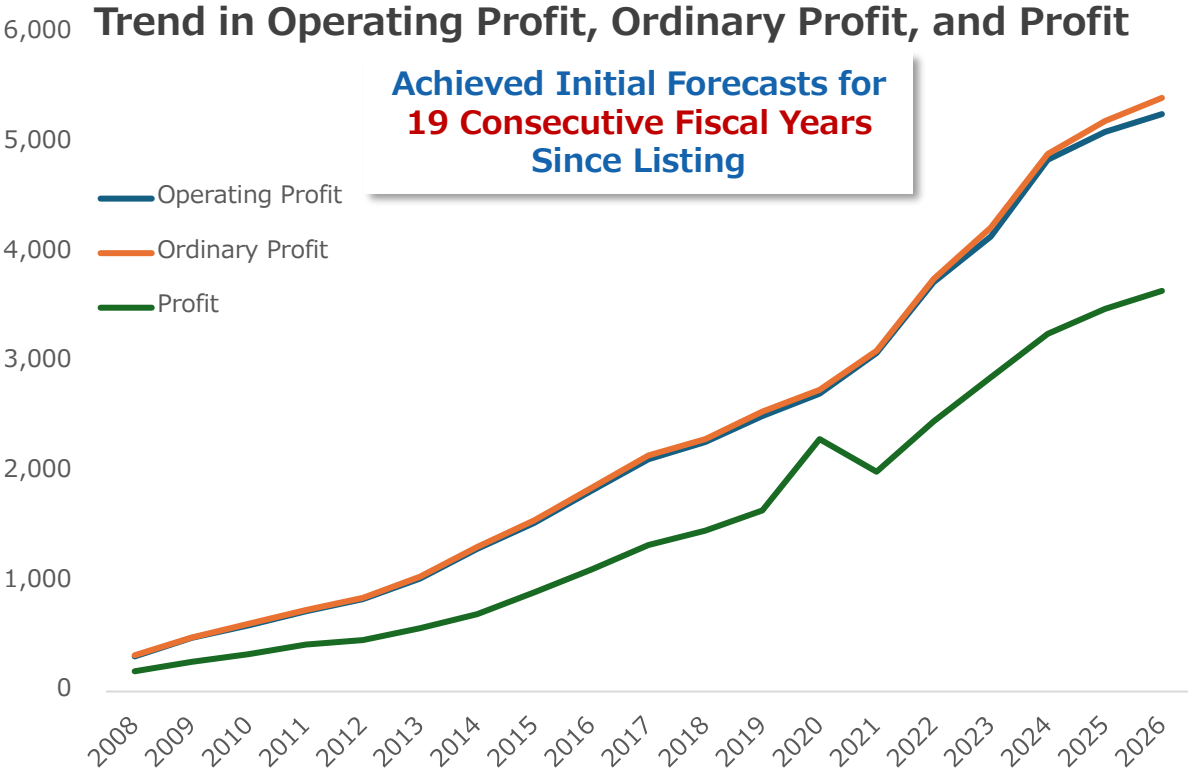
Units(Million Yen)	FY2026/3 initial forecast	FY2026/3 actual results	Achievement rate
Net Sales	11,300	11,029	98%
Operating Profit	5,200	5,201	100%
Ordinary Profit	5,300	5,302	100%
Profit	3,550	3,589	101%

Trend in Initial Forecast Achievement Rate (Ordinary Profit)

FY	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Achieve rate	110.3%	111.8%	101.5%	104.8%	101.7%	104.8%	101.5%	100.8%	100.4%	100.1%	100.1%	100.1%	100.0%	103.6%	100.3%	100.7%	100.0%	100.1%	100.0%

Progress toward the performance targets of the Medium-Term Business Plan—‘consolidated net sales of ¥20 billion and consolidated ordinary profit of ¥10 billion by the fiscal year ending August 2028’—has been Significantly delayed.

Qualitative initiatives, including the promotion of a second growth axis leveraging scalable drivers such as sales partners and AI utilization, as well as the partial commencement of the loan guarantee business, are steadily progressing.



Consolidated Balance Sheets

(Million yen)

Current assets

Current assets decreased by 20.0% mainly due to a decrease in cash and deposits resulting from the purchase of treasury shares. As for other items, accounts receivable - other and accrued interest increased.

Current liabilities

Current liabilities increased by 5.4% mainly due to an increase in advances received (guarantee fees).

Net assets

Net assets decreased by 15% due to the purchase of treasury shares.

Assets	① FY 2025/3	② End of Mar. 2026	①→② Rate of Change
Current assets	18,907	15,124	-20.0%
Cash and deposits	16,315	12,713	-22.1%
Prepaid expenses	1,569	1,290	-17.8%
Securities	300	0	-100%
Others	722	1,120	+55.1%
Non-current assets	14,107	14,273	+1.2%
Property, plant and equipment	1,976	1,974	-0.1%
Intangible assets	117	145	+24.5%
Investment securities	11,288	11,297	+0.1%
Others	724	855	+18.0%
Total assets	33,014	29,398	-11.0%

Liabilities	① FY 2025/3	② End of Mar. 2026	①→② Rate of Change
Current liabilities	6,507	6,858	+5.4%
Provision for guarantee obligations	413	562	+36.2%
Advances received	4,748	5,030	+6.0%
Income taxes payable	1,018	978	-3.9%
Others	327	286	-12.7%
Non-current liabilities	115	115	-
Long-term accounts payable	115	115	-
Total liabilities	6,622	6,973	+5.3%

Net assets			
Shareholders' equity	24,206	20,223	-16.5%
Capital stock	3,975	3,991	+0.4%
Capital surplus	3,385	3,401	+0.5%
Retained earnings	16,846	14,319	-15.0%
Treasury stock	Δ1	Δ1,488	-
Stock acquisition rights	157	156	-0.8%
Non-controlling interests	2,027	2,044	+0.9%
Total net assets	26,391	22,424	-15.0%
Total liabilities and net assets	33,014	29,398	-11.0%

Review of Key Initiatives for FY2026/3

- In addition to strengthening the sales force, the Company has established a framework to accelerate ramp-up through systemization and other initiatives, although certain challenges remain, including pricing. As part of this effort, some existing sales personnel are being allocated to training functions, and the Company has begun building a sales structure that does not rely solely on internal human resources, including partnerships with external companies. We have also partially commenced the loan guarantee business.

Key Initiatives for FY2026/3

Sustained expansion of human capital investment premised on operational efficiency improvements. The Company is strengthening sales support and training initiatives to build a framework that enables faster employee ramp-up.

	Key Initiatives	Internal Evaluation	Comments
Expansion of Net Sales	Strengthening Marketing Expansion of Sales Channels		- The Company is expanding partnerships with Sales-type partner companies that sell guarantee services on behalf of its sales personnel and is building a framework that drives net sales growth in addition to increasing sales headcount. - Partial rollout of loan guarantee services.
	Increase in Contracts Human Capital Investment Increase in Sales personnel		By promoting education and operational support systems for new graduates, the number of sales personnel reached 113 at the end of the FY ended March 31, 2026, representing a 19.0% increase from the end of the previous fiscal year.
	Operational Efficiency		Implemented a sales management system to reduce work hours and administrative workload.
Improving Operating Profit Margin	Strengthening Operational Frameworks Enhancing Sales Systemization		Promoting sales systemization has streamlined KPI management. Through features such as accurate prospect management, real-time visualization of activities, and centralized tracking of sales approaches, we have significantly reduced meeting times, thereby maximizing time dedicated to core sales activities.
	Improving Productivity Human Capital Investment Management Enhancement and Improvement		Progress Management: Management capacity temporarily dipped due to the heavy training load of new graduates. Managers faced challenges balancing contracts execution with coaching, resulting in stagnant performance in some units. Education: Digitized group training and on-the-job training (OJT) into a video-based system that enables learning during downtime. We also utilized AI to generate and archive sales know-how videos, establishing a framework where information is accessible for reference at any time.

FY2027/3 Initial Forecast

FY2027/3 Initial Forecast

Continuously expanding human capital investment, aiming for our 25th consecutive fiscal year of growth in net sales and profit.

Unit(Million Yen)	FY2026/3	FY2027/3	YoY
Net Sales	11,029	11,900	+7.9%
Operating Profit	5,201	5,500	+5.7%
Ordinary Profit	5,302	5,600	+5.6%
EPS (Yen)	78	84	+7.7%

Net Sales

While maintaining the contract renewal rate for existing customers, we expect an increase of 7.9% by expanding new contracts through the continued expansion of sales resources and the acceleration of their development into an effective workforce.

Ordinary Profit

We expect an increase of 5.6% as we continue to make proactive investments in human capital.

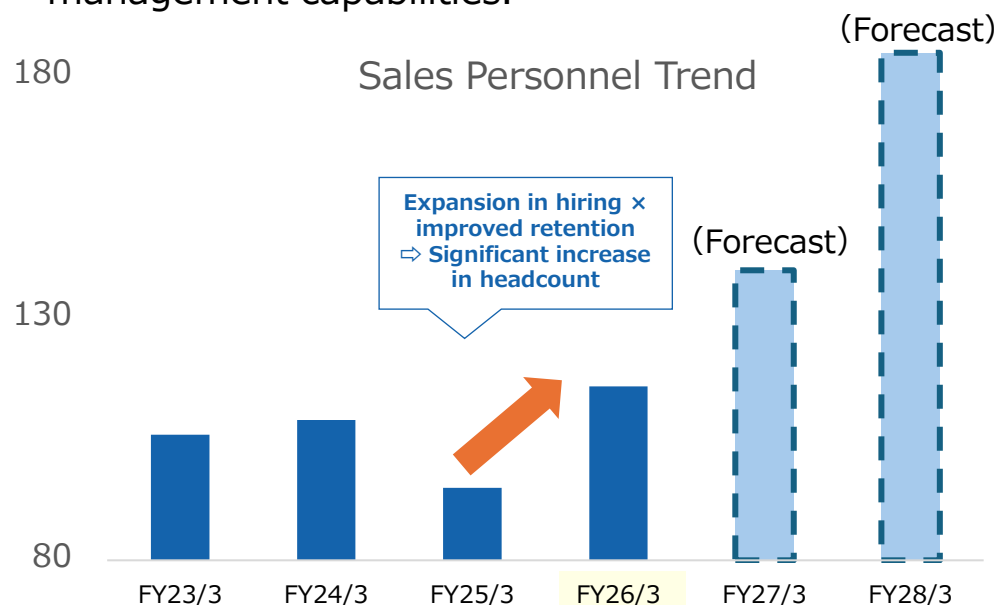
Key Initiatives for FY2027/3

While continuing to expand the number of new contracts through an increase in personnel, we will also work to improve unit prices. In order to establish a structure capable of sustaining accelerated growth, we will promote a medium- to long-term strategy to expand our business into areas where leverage can be effectively applied as a second growth axis.

Initiatives		
Expansion of Sales Resources and Strengthening AI- and database-driven marketing initiatives	Increase in headcount	• Strengthening recruitment by leveraging an environment that enables highly selective hiring, supported by approximately 8,000 applicants annually.
	Faster ramp-up	• Streamlining KPI management through system utilization. • Standardizing highly replicable sales processes across the organization. • Enhancing consulting capabilities of junior sales staff through the use of AI
	Expansion of sales channels	• Continuously expanding the network of matching partners, including credit unions and other financial institutions.
Building a High-Leverage Model	Enhancing the Growth Model	• Full-scale launch of the sales partner network ↳ Building a framework that enables sales partners to independently close deals through the integration of AI-driven systems.
	Expanding Business Reach into New Domains (Medium-to-Long Term)	• Advancing strategic projects for loan guarantees • Exploring and evaluating expansion into overseas markets.

① Expansion of sales resources – continued increase in sales personnel and faster ramp-up –

Retention rates improved significantly, resulting in headcount growth progressing in line with plan. The Company will continue to expand its sales force while driving faster ramp-up through AI- and IT-enabled sales support. At the same time, it will strengthen its management capabilities.



Ordinary Profit
per employee

Approx. **24 Million yen**

(As of FY 26/3
ending March)

Recruitment as a catalyst for corporate growth

The hiring environment remains strong, with 7,000–8,000 applicants received annually and an acceptance rate of approximately 1%.

Faster ramp-up of new graduate employees
→ pricing remains the only remaining challenge.

Quotation request rate

2nd Year	3rd to 10th year employees.
26.3%	24.7%

Conversion Rate

2nd Year	3rd to 10th year employees.
15.6%	16.0%

Pricing

2nd Year	3rd to 10th year employees.
350K Yen	750K Yen

(As of April 2026)

Initiatives to accelerate employee ramp-up

Conversion of sales know-how
into AI-driven video content

The Company has transitioned from a training approach dependent on group sessions and manager support to a system that enables self-directed learning. A viewing and tracking management system has been established to ensure learning effectiveness across the organization. (ongoing from the previous fiscal year)

Proposal development
by the Assessment team to support
pricing improvements.

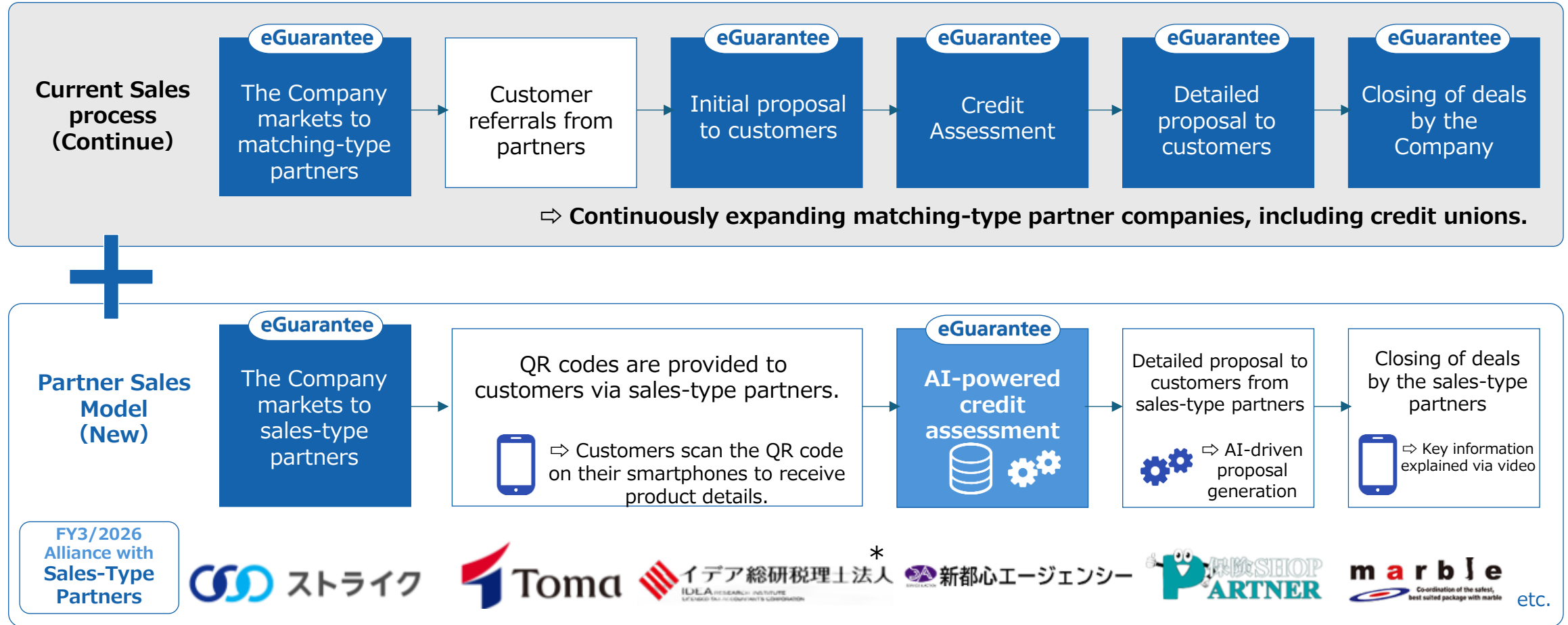
A cross-functional standardized training framework has been established. The Company will further enhance the assessment team's expertise and disseminate it across the entire sales force. (ongoing from the previous fiscal year)

Standardization of sales through AI-
generated rationales for credit
assessment outcomes.

The Company has standardized the explanation of credit assessment rationales, which previously varied depending on individual sales skills, through the use of AI. This enables even junior employees to deliver proposals at an average quality level, contributing to improved pricing.

② Generating Net Sales Without Internal Sales Resources — Sales Partner Model —

While traditional sales processes were constrained by the number of sales personnel, limiting the scope of customer outreach, the Company is building a structure that enables sales-oriented partner companies to handle closing. This will be developed as a second pillar of a scalable customer acquisition model.

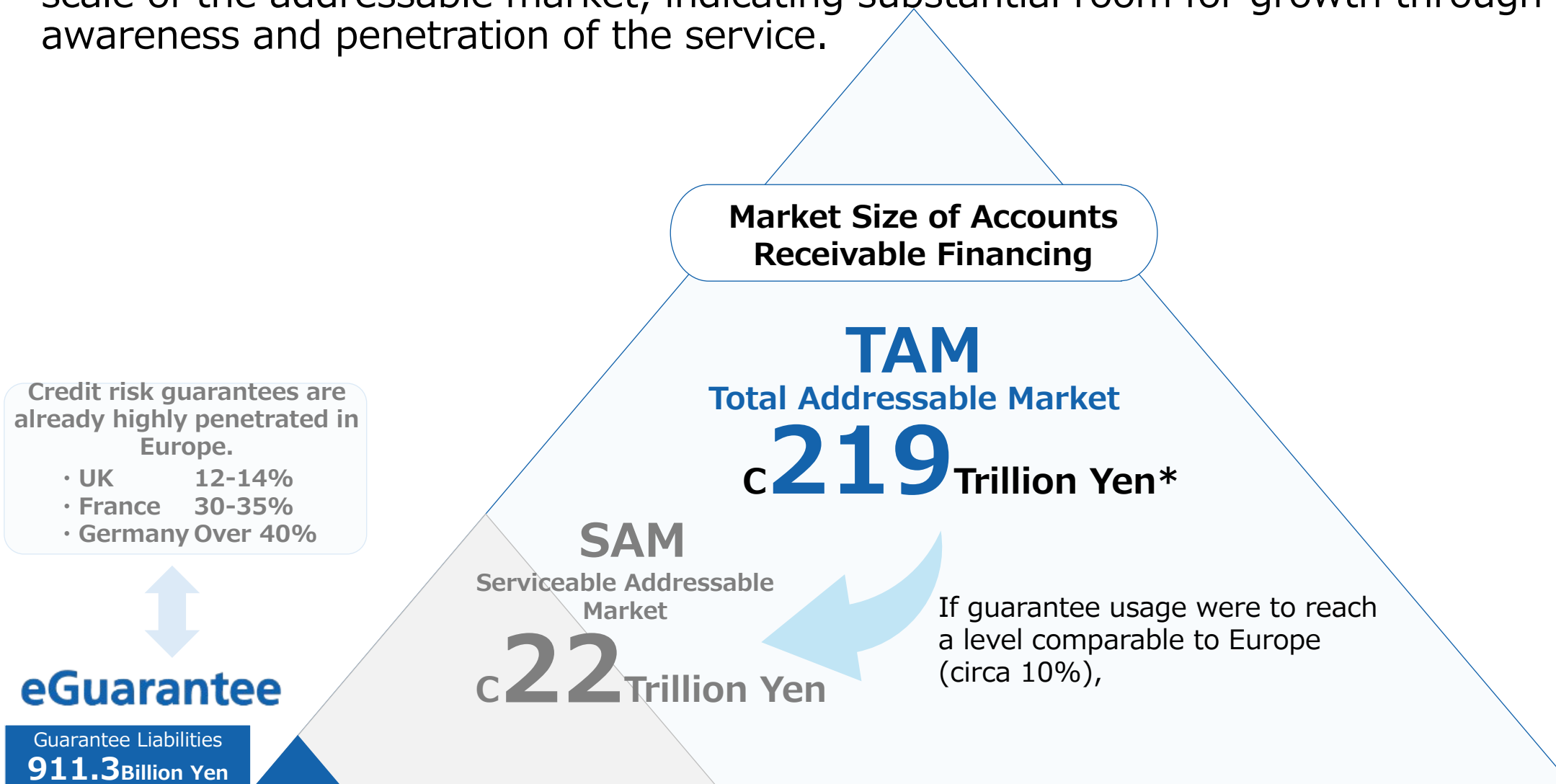


*A group company of Idea Soken Tax Accountant Corporation

⇒ The model drives growth through a multiplication effect of the number of agents and customers per agent, resulting in higher scalability than direct sales.

Market Size of Accounts Receivable Financing

The market size of accounts receivable transactions is approximately JPY 219 trillion. In comparison, the Company's Guarantee Liabilities of JPY 911.3 billion highlight the significant scale of the addressable market, indicating substantial room for growth through improved awareness and penetration of the service.

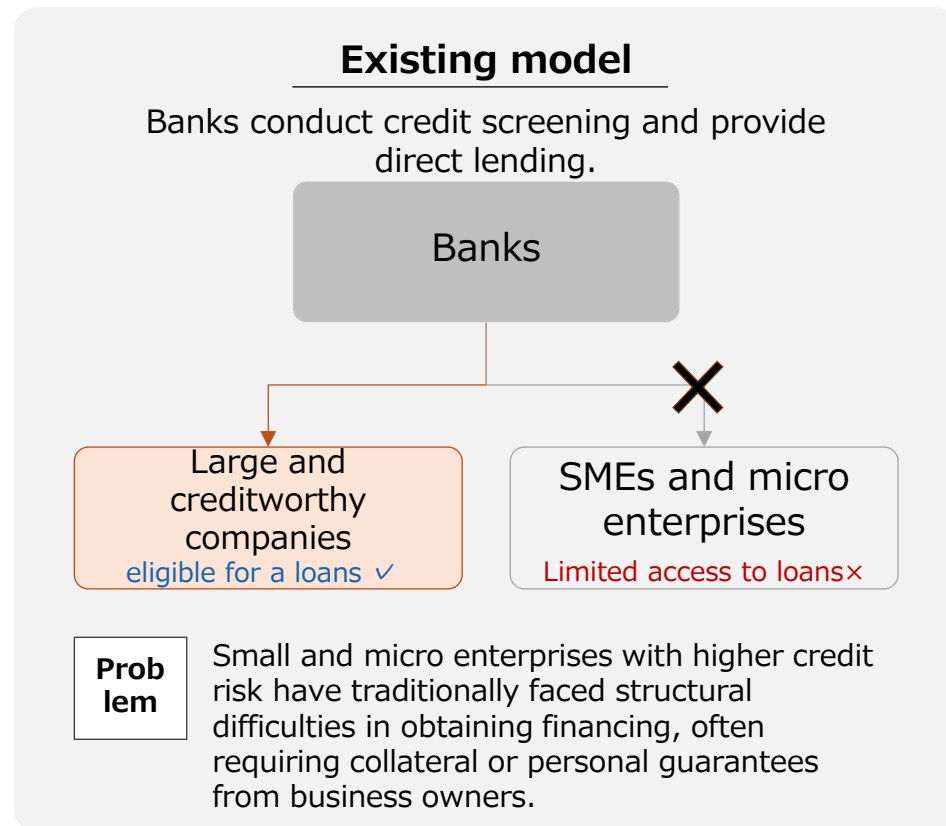


03

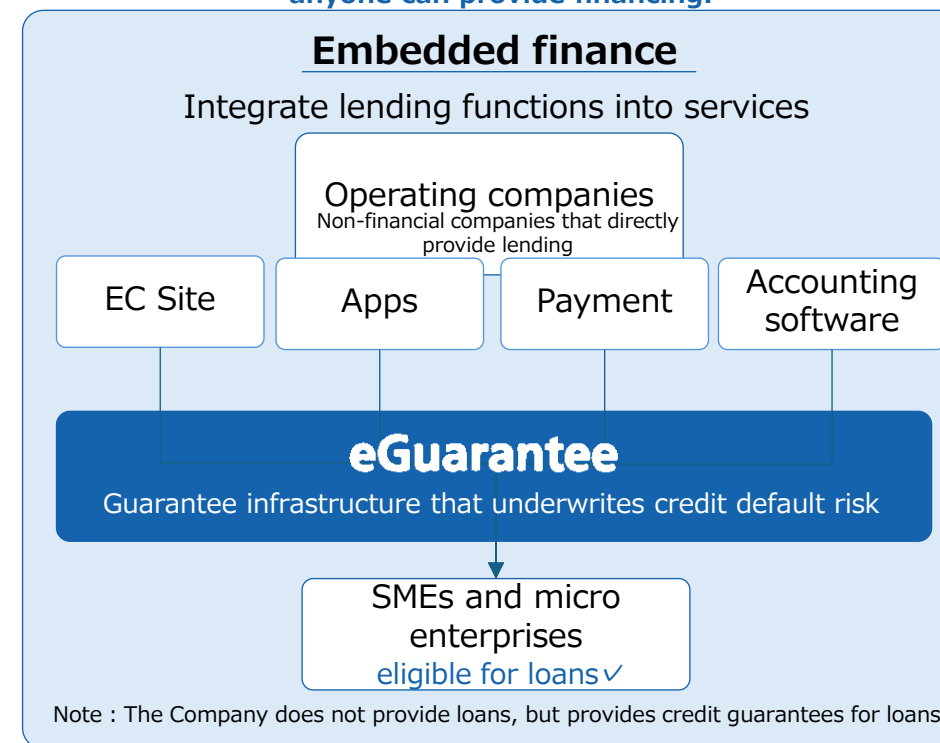
High-leverage strategy

Entry into the loan guarantee business

As embedded lending—where operating companies integrate lending functions into their own services—accelerates, the market is expanding beyond traditional bank lending, while also involving higher risks. The Company will enter this new market as a guarantee infrastructure provider equipped with proprietary credit data and underwriting systems.



Embedded finance inevitably faces the challenge of determining who bears the risk. By underwriting that risk, the Company enables an era in which anyone can provide financing.



Changes in the lending structure of financial institutions

- A system has been established that enables lending based on the overall value of a business, including intangible assets (enterprise value-based collateral), addressing key limitations of traditional lending practices and making it easier to obtain financing by focusing on business fundamentals and future potential.
- Various providers are offering services that enable loan applications via web channels without requiring financial statements.

As the government advances efforts to improve the lending environment for ^{*1}SMEs and startups, demand for credit guarantees that cannot be fully addressed by traditional credit assessment is expected to expand. The Company’s credit data platform is fully aligned with this policy direction, positioning it to capture resulting growth opportunities.

Policy^{*1} Background
The government is promoting a shift toward “business-based lending,” which does not rely on collateral or personal guarantees. By focusing on companies’ future potential and business value as key criteria in credit assessment, national policy aims to create an environment in which SMEs with strong technologies and business models can more easily access financing.

Promotion of business-based lending

The expansion of lending without collateral or personal guarantees is being advanced as a national policy. An environment is being developed in which the Company’s data and underwriting capabilities can be directly leveraged in assessing corporate future potential.

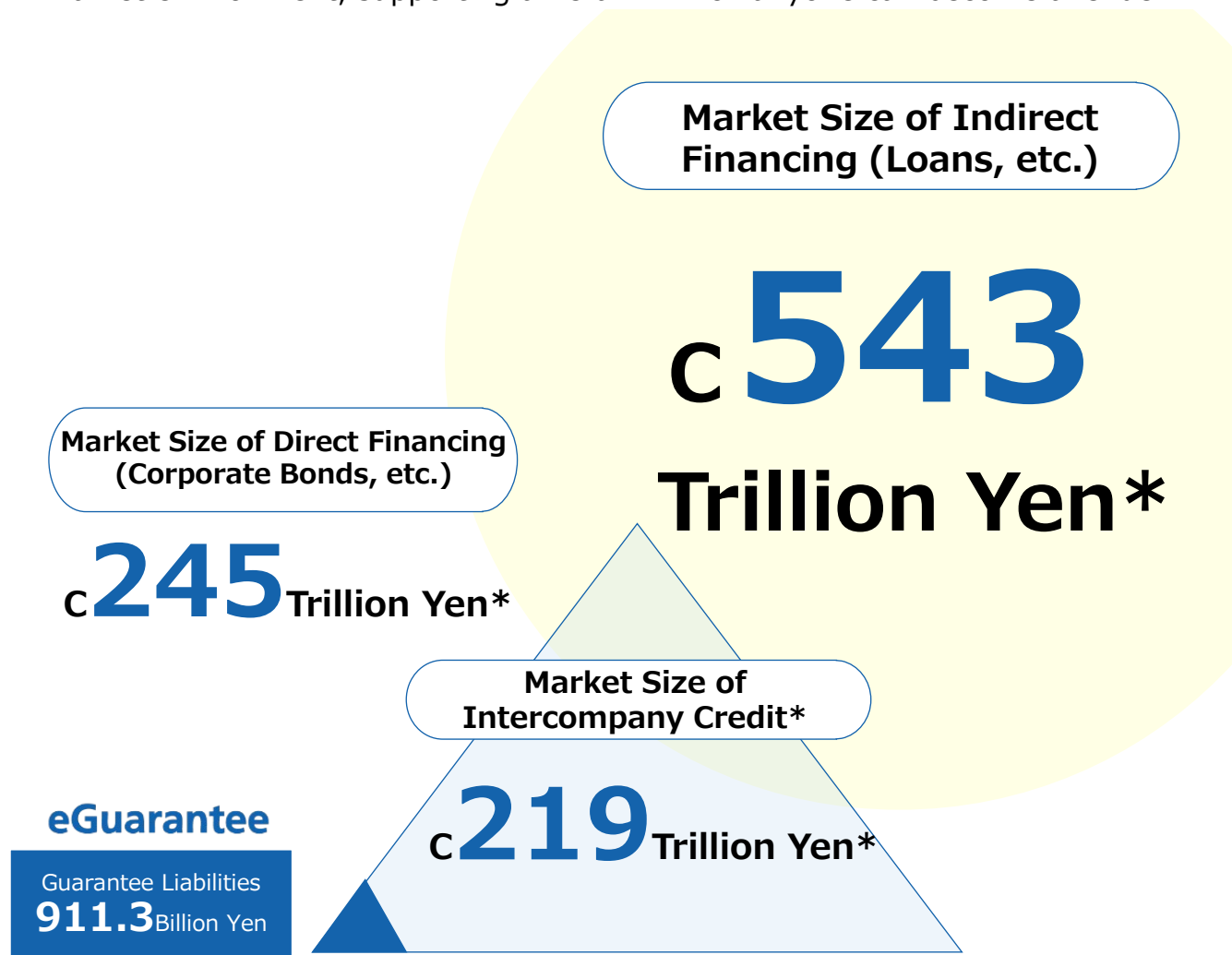
Support for digital transformation of SMEs

Digitalization of order and procurement processes is being promoted to improve operational efficiency among SMEs. The introduction of guarantee services enables the digital transformation of credit management operations.

	Government’s recognition of challenges	The government’s vision	What The Company can do
Lending structure	Government reliance on real estate collateral and personal guarantees has been a dominant feature of financing structures.	A shift away from collateral dependence toward asset-based lending and business-based credit assessment is being promoted.	We provide a credit platform based on qualitative and dynamic information without relying on personal guarantees from managers or collateral value and establish a lending environment involving entities other than financial institutions.
Entrepreneurial / personal guarantees	77% of aspiring entrepreneurs cite debt and personal guarantees as a key failure risk, and 47% of founders currently provide personal guarantees at the time of business launch. ^{*2}	Policy measures, including the Startup Promotion Guarantee Program (launched in March 2023), are advancing the removal of personal guarantees.	
Startup support	Small company size and limited assets often prevent firms from obtaining financing even when strong business potential exists.	The Startup Development Five-Year Plan (approved in November 2022) aims to expand investment more than tenfold over five years, fostering a new wave of entrepreneurship.	
Credit infrastructure	A financing framework not dependent on collateral or personal guarantees based on business value assessment is still underdeveloped.	Policy explicitly promotes initiatives such as the creation of “business value-based security rights” and increased startup lending by financial institutions.	
Digitalization	Digital transformation within financial institutions and credit guarantee systems remains limited, particularly in predictive risk management.	Policy promotes IT modernization and enhanced early-warning systems to identify companies requiring turnaround support and integrate them into structured assistance processes.	

TAM of the Loan Guarantee Market

With the proliferation of embedded lending, the market opportunity addressable by the Company (TAM) is expected to expand significantly beyond the traditional accounts receivable guarantee market. The Company's credit data and guarantee platform will serve as core infrastructure for this emerging market environment, supporting an era in which anyone can become a lender.



Our Initiatives

• Guarantees for Lending-Based Crowdfunding Platforms

As entities other than banks enter the lending market, the credit risk of borrower companies tends to be a barrier to investment decisions for investors. By underwriting credit risk behind lending-type funds, the Company establishes an environment where investors can secure stable profit, thereby contributing to the sound expansion of new fundraising and investment markets.

• Guarantees for Advance Payment Services for Real Estate Companies

In the real estate renovation business, there is a structural challenge where the cash flow of real estate companies tends to be strained because payments to contractors precede the sale of properties. By underwriting credit risk behind advance payment schemes provided by financial institutions, the Company supports the business continuity of real estate companies that face difficulties in obtaining credit, thereby contributing to the revitalization of the renovation market.

• Guarantees for factoring for the construction industry

In the construction industry, supporting the cash flow of subcontractors is a key challenge. By performing a guarantee function behind lending schemes provided by financial institutions, the Company enables the early provision of funds to small and medium-sized secondary and tertiary subcontractors that find it difficult to obtain credit enhancement on their own. Through this, we support the circulation of funds across the entire supply chain and contribute to the sound business continuity of the construction industry.

Development of Financial Services in Collaboration with Various Companies

 **オリックス銀行**  **Bankers etc.**

04

Shareholder Return Policy

Capital Allocation Policy

We achieve stable growth in operating cash flow on an annual basis. Due to the nature of our business model, which requires only modest capital expenditures to support growth, cash accumulates on our balance sheet. While making growth investments for the future, we aim to enhance corporate value through a high level of shareholder returns.

Achieve both growth and capital allocation simultaneously

**Capital Required
for Growth
Investment**

**Capital
Required as a
Risk Buffer**

(Guarantee Liabilities—
Amounts re-insured by
financial institutions,
etc.)
×8~12%

^{*1}
Operating Cash Flow

c4Billion Yen/Year

+

Cash on Hand

c12Billion Yen

Enhancement of
Corporate Value

Growth Investment

Human Capital Investment
AI Investment
Peripheral Businesses
Loan Guarantee Business

Shareholder Return

Target Payout Ratio 100%

Progressive Dividend

18th Consecutive Year of Dividend
Increase (Expected)

Buy Backs

Remaining capacity:
approx. ¥4.0 billion (Cumulative ¥10.0
billion acquired for FY2026–FY2028)

Forecast for FY27/3

Approx. 5%

Dividend Yield

^{*2}

Fundamental Policy

- Positioning profit distribution to shareholders as one of its key management priorities while making forward-looking growth investments, the Company is continuously working to strengthen shareholder returns.
- Implementing dividends aiming for a dividend payout ratio of approximately 100%, taking into account the amounts required for growth investments and as a provision against risks in the credit risk guarantee business.

Financial Targets

ROE 20%

ROIC 20%

**Continuous Improvement
of DOE**

Dividend Policy

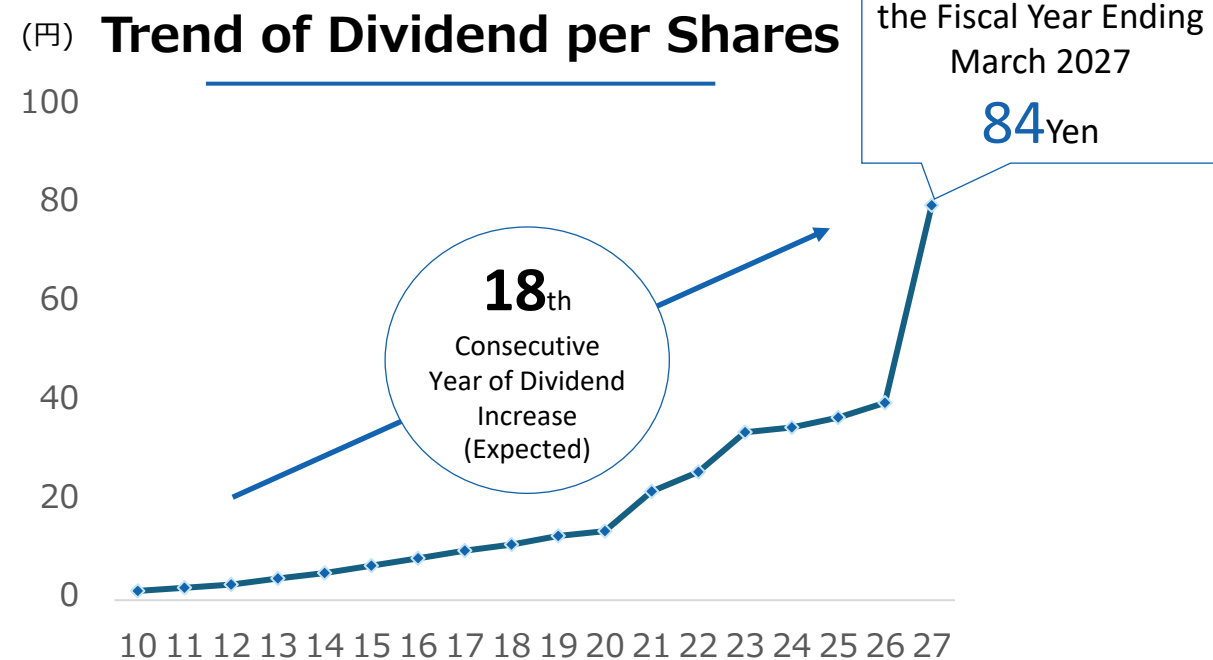
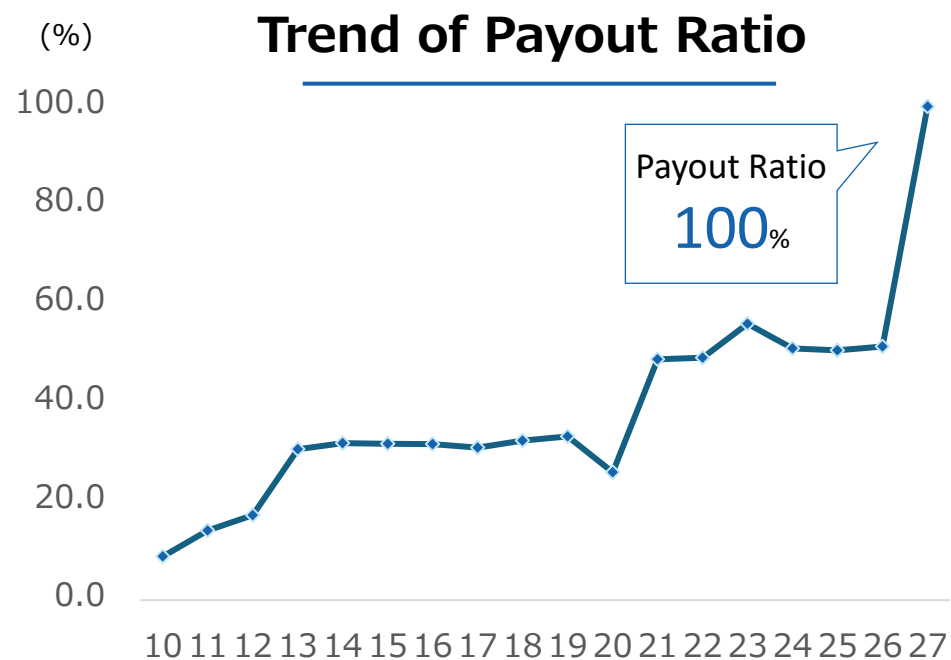
Recognizing that it is currently possible to provide further returns to shareholders, we will implement dividends with a target payout ratio of 100%. In order to enhance opportunities for shareholder returns, we will change our dividend frequency from once a year to twice a year.

Shareholder Return Policy

Payout ratio Over **50%** ▶ **100%**

Shareholder Return Policy

Progressive dividends (no dividend cuts)

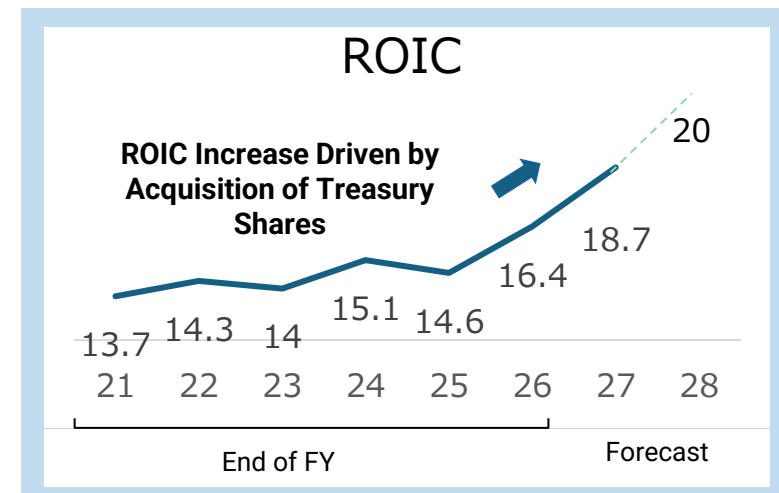
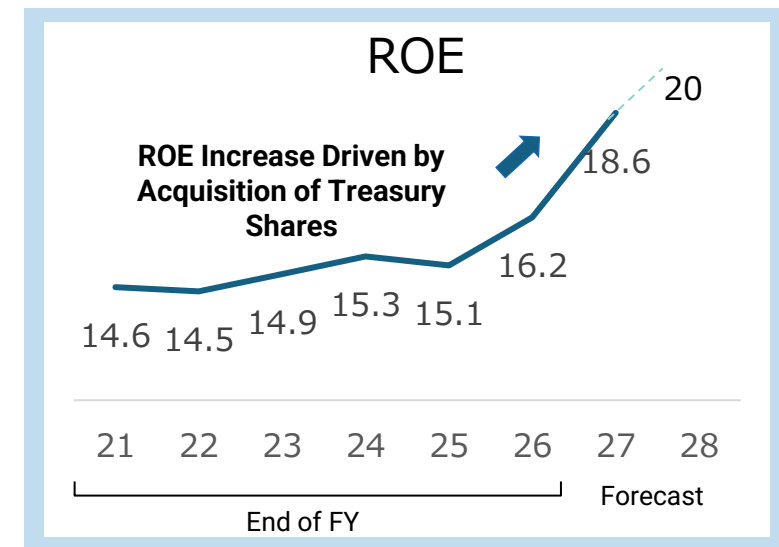
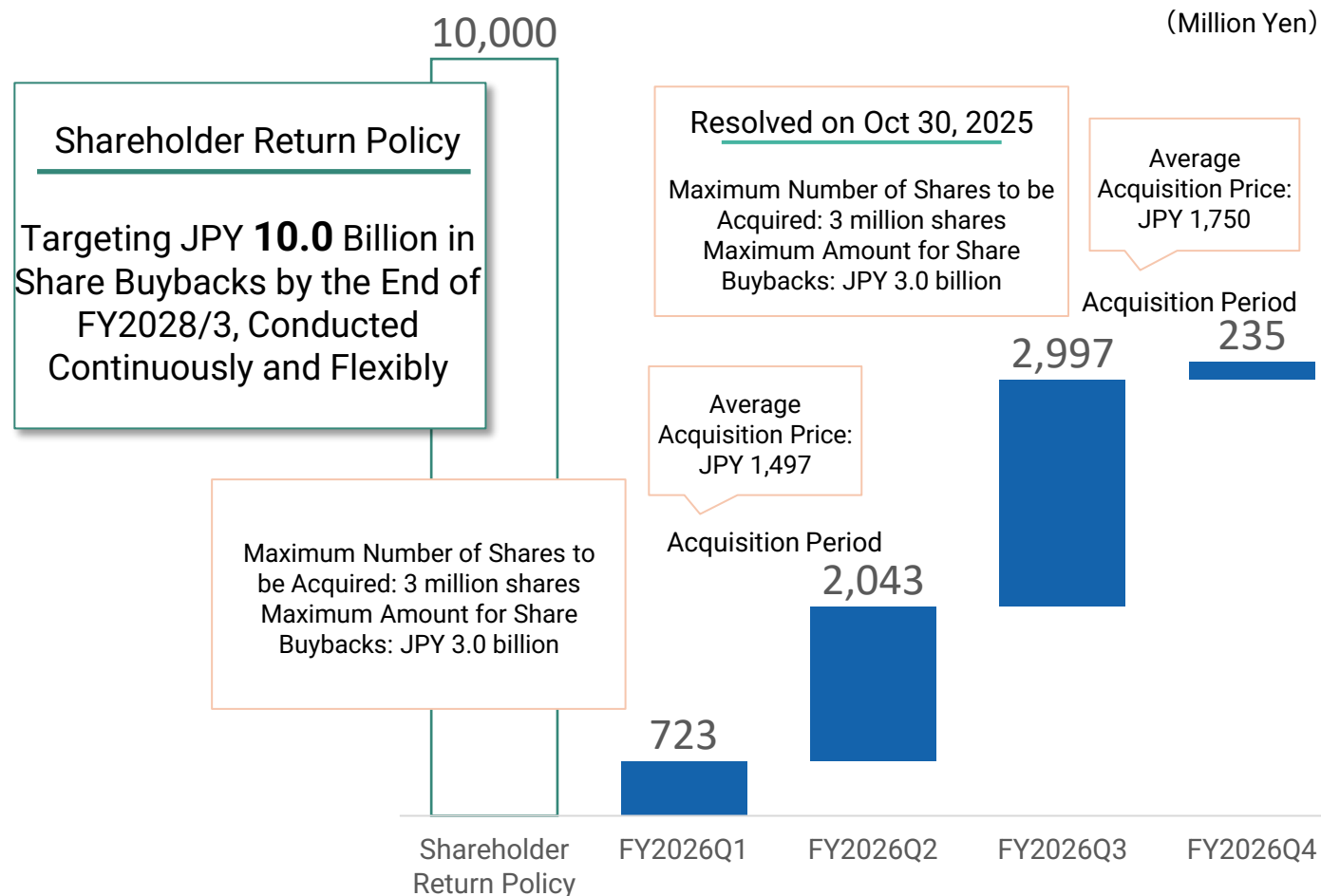


(For dividends prior to the fiscal year ended March 2018, amounts are stated on a post-stock split basis.)

Dividend Once a Year ➔ Twice a Year

Shareholder Returns (Acquisition of Treasury Shares)

On May 28, 2025, the Company resolved to continuously implement the flexible purchase of treasury shares, and as of January 2026, approximately 6.0 billion yen of treasury shares have been purchased. The Company aims to purchase a total of 10.0 billion yen of treasury shares by the end of the fiscal year ending March 31, 2028. ROE and ROIC forecasts for the current fiscal year are expected to rise toward the target of 20% set in the medium-term business plan.



05

Appendix

Company Overview

Basic Information	
Name	eGuarantee, Inc.
Date of Establishment	September 8, 2000
Representative	Masanori Eto, President and Chief Executive Officer
Address	Akasaka BizTower 5-3-1 Akasaka, Minato-ku Tokyo 107-6337, Japan
Capital	3.99 Billion Yen (As of March 31, 2026)
Number of Employees	194 employees (As of March 31, 2026)
Stock Change Registration	Prime Market of the Tokyo Stock Exchange(8771)
Major Business Areas	Underwriting and securitizing credit risks



代表取締役社長
江藤 公則

Vision

Visualize Credit and Driving The Economy

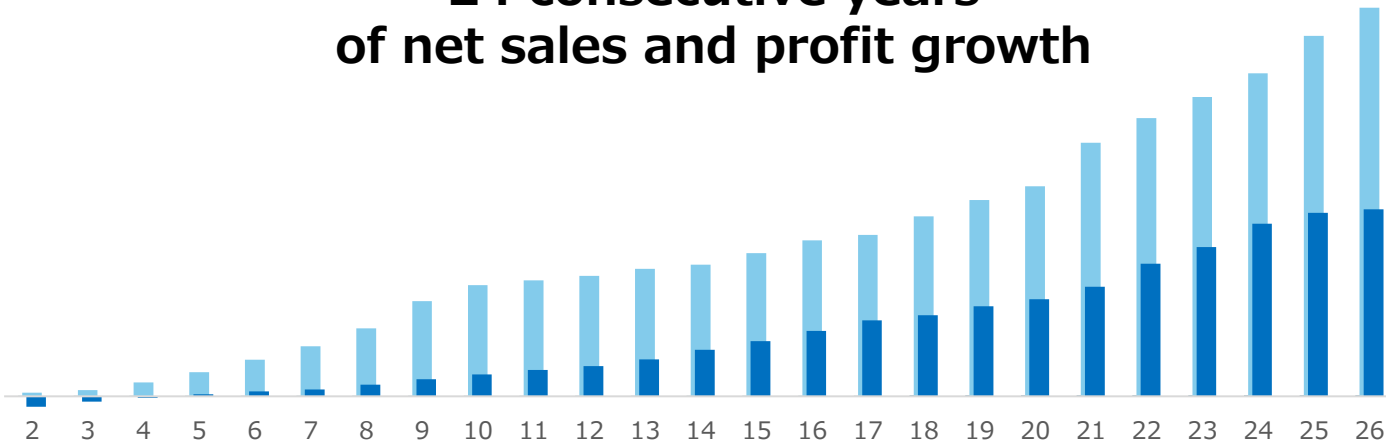
Management Philosophy

We support new corporate initiatives and the growth of a vibrant society by granting credit through credit risk underwritings and distributing social resources appropriately.

We always create financial services that are advanced and help build dreams by going beyond our management resources, cooperating with trusted partners and leveraging in-house expertise.

We strive to be a company that values free thinking, nurturing talented and trusted employees who can think and act independently.

24 consecutive years of net sales and profit growth

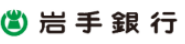
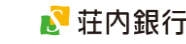
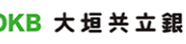
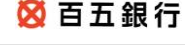
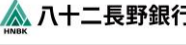
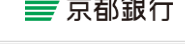
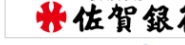


List of Business Partners

(As of end of March 2026)

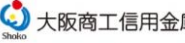
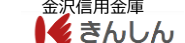
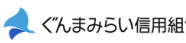
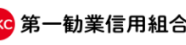
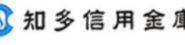
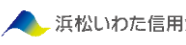
Local Banks

※Sorted by prefecture (and by bank code within the same prefecture)

 北海道銀行	 青森みちのく銀行	 北都銀行	 岩手銀行	 七十七銀行	 仙台銀行	 荘内銀行	 山形銀行
 きらやか銀行	 東邦銀行	 大東銀行	 常陽銀行	 足利銀行	 群馬銀行	 武蔵野銀行	 千葉銀行
 きらぼし銀行	 東日本銀行	 神奈川銀行	 山梨中央銀行	 大垣共立銀行	 静岡銀行	 あいち銀行	 名古屋銀行
 百五銀行	 第四北越銀行	 北陸銀行	 北國銀行	 八十二長野銀行	 福井銀行	 福邦銀行	 滋賀銀行
 京都銀行	 関西みらい銀行	 池田泉州銀行	 南都銀行	 紀陽銀行	 鳥取銀行	 山陰合同銀行	 BANK トマト銀行
 広島銀行	 山口銀行	 阿波銀行	 百十四銀行	 伊予銀行	 四国銀行	 西日本シティ銀行	 佐賀銀行
 十八親和銀行	 肥後銀行	 大分銀行	 宮崎銀行	 鹿児島銀行	 琉球銀行		

Shinkin banks (regional cooperative banks) and credit unions

※in Japanese syllabary order

 大阪商工信用金庫	 この街のホームドクター 大阪信用金庫	 岡崎信用金庫	 金沢信用金庫 ぎんしん	 亀有信用金庫	 ぐんまみらい信用組合	 さわやか信用金庫	 城北信用金庫	 SUGAMO SHINKIN 巣鴨信用金庫
 SEIBU 西武信用金庫	 12 瀬戸信用金庫	 DKC 第一勧業信用組合	 知多信用金庫	 東京シティ信用金庫	 東濃信用金庫	 浜松いわた信用金庫	 TRIBankHiratsuka 平塚信用金庫	 碧海信用金庫

Other Banks

※in Japanese syllabary order

 商工中金	 新生銀行	 りそな銀行
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Securities companies

※in Japanese syllabary order

 いちよし証券	 SBI証券	 岡三証券	 大和証券
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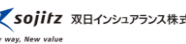
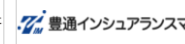
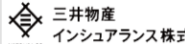
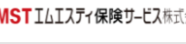
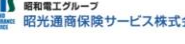
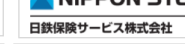
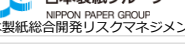
Leasing Companies

※in Japanese syllabary order

 JA三井リース	 昭和リース	 浜銀ファイナンス	 FUYO LEASE 芙蓉総合リース株式会社
 みずほ丸紅リース株式会社	 MIZUHO みずほリース	 りそなリース	

Insurance Agencies

※in Japanese syllabary order

 sojitz 双日インシュアランス株式会社	 豊通インシュアランスマネジメント	 株式会社阪和アルファビジネス	 丸紅セーフネット株式会社	 三井物産インシュアランス株式会社
 MST エムエスティー保険サービス株式会社	 クボタ総合保険サービス株式会社	 三井トラスト保険サービス株式会社	 昭和電工グループ 昭光通商保険サービス株式会社	 ジェイアンドエス保険サービス
 TOTAL トータル保険	 NIPPON STEEL 日鉄保険サービス株式会社	 日本製紙グループ NIPPON PAPER GROUP 日本製紙総合開発リスクマネジメント	 株式会社 日立保険サービス	
 新都心エージェンシー	 P-PARTNER	 marble Co-ordinators of the safest, best suited package with marble.		

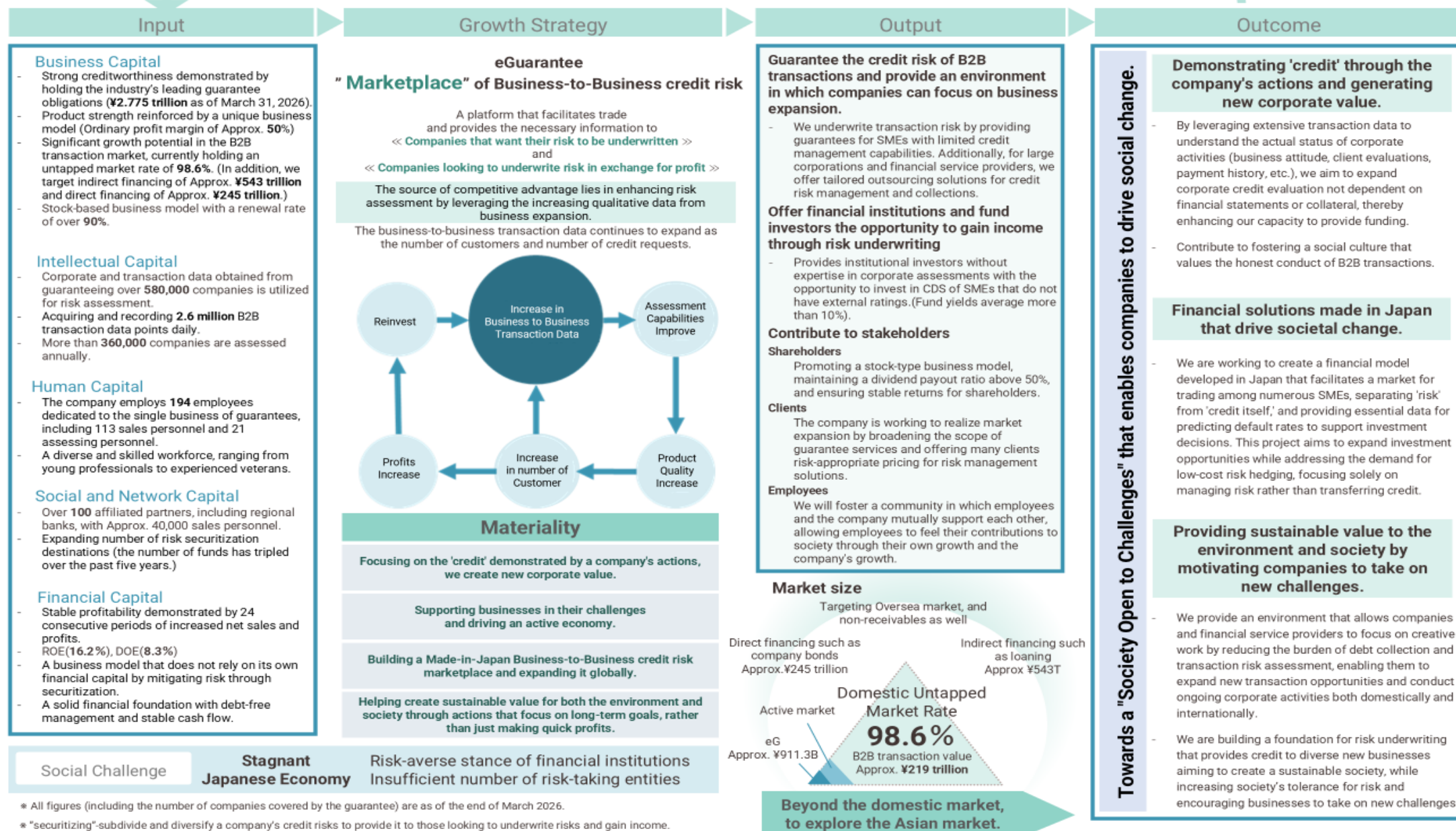
Tax accountants and CPAs

 IDEA 総研税理士法人
--

 Toma
--

Others

 ストライク



Sustainability Policy

Since its establishment, eGuarantee, Inc. has focused its management resources on the assumption of credit risk and securitization businesses, with the aim of building a vibrant and prosperous society through the provision of credit across industries and the efficient allocation of social resources.

We believe that continuing our role as a market maker for risk—by engaging in the assumption and securitization of credit risk—contributes to the resolution of social issues. Through our business activities, we will promote sustainability initiatives by appropriately allocating social resources to areas such as renewable energy and social businesses.

Initiatives on the Environment



Advancement of Renewable Energy Business

We support renewable energy-related commercial transactions, including solar, biomass, and wind power, through our guarantee services.

By assuming the credit risk associated with installation contractors when purchasing equipment from manufacturers, we facilitate smoother procurement and thereby contribute to the broader adoption and expansion of renewable energy projects.



Contribution to the Sustainable Use of Marine Resources

We support transactions related to aquaculture through our guarantee services and contribute to the sustainable use of marine resources.

By assuming the credit risk between feed suppliers and aquaculture operators, we help create an environment in which aquaculture operators can procure feed in a stable manner, thereby supporting the expansion of the aquaculture industry.



Response to Climate Change

GHG emissions for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2026, were 93t (indirect emissions from electricity consumption, Scope 2).

We have set a target to achieve net-zero Scope 2 emissions by the fiscal year ending March 31, 2031 (FY2030). We aim to realize a decarbonized society through thorough energy conservation, electricity saving, and the utilization of renewable energy.

Initiatives on the Society



Support for start-ups

Through our guarantee services, we provide start-ups and sole proprietors with underwriting capabilities and risk-taking capacity comparable to those of large corporations.

By enabling businesses to obtain credit support, we help facilitate smoother business-to-business transactions, thereby supporting further growth of start-ups and the sustainable business operations of sole proprietors.



Promotion of Health and Welfare

We support transactions with hospitals and social welfare corporations through our guarantee services, thereby contributing to the resolution of social issues such as long-term care and elderly welfare.

By assuming credit risk and extending payment terms for equipment and other purchases, we help improve the cash flow of small and medium-sized long-term care providers, supporting the stable continuation of welfare services.



Contribution to Regional Revitalization

With the widespread adoption of the internet, direct transactions between regional companies and firms in urban areas or other prefectures have increased; however, the inability to properly assess counterparty credit risk has led to a rising risk of payment defaults.

Through our guarantee services, we assume such credit risk, thereby expanding the range of business transaction options available to local companies and contributing to regional development.

Section	Guarantee Liabilities (Billion Yen)
Guarantee liabilities related to solutions to environmental issues (E)	26.7
Guarantee liabilities related to solutions to social issues (S)	36.8
Guarantee liabilities related to regional revitalization (S)	339.0
Guarantee liabilities related to start-ups, etc. (S)	96.8
Total	499.3

Important Notice Regarding This Document

This document is provided solely for the purpose of offering information regarding management strategy and is not intended as a solicitation for investment in securities issued by the Company.

This document contains forward-looking statements, including forecasts, plans, and targets related to the Company. These statements are based on information currently available to the Company and assumptions deemed reasonable at the time of preparation.

Accordingly, such statements are subject to uncertainties, and actual results may differ materially from those expressed or implied herein due to various factors, including changes in underlying assumptions or the emergence of unforeseen circumstances.

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